GOVERNMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL SERVICES

DESIGN-BUILD SERVICES DESIGN BUILD SERVICES FOR S STREET HARDSCAPE AT GARRISON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

Solicitation #: DCAM-16-CS-0088

Amendment No. 4 Issued March 18, 2016

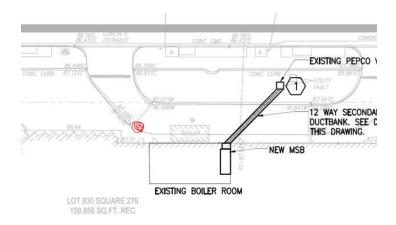
This Amendment Number 04 is issued on March 18, 2016. Except as modified hereby, the Request for Proposals ("RFP") remains unmodified.

Item #1:

Requests for Information: Below is a list of questions and the Department's responses.

- 1. Is there a specification for the signage panel? Response: The signage will be a custom fabricated signage element with school sign, digital display and student artwork display cases. Please see page 3 of the site plan for approximate size.
- 2. Is the subcontractor getting the building permit or the design team? **Response:** The Design-Builder shall be responsible for obtaining the building permit.
- 3. Is there any way we can have a clear set of PDF drawings? The drawings in the RFP as blurry, especially when you zoom in. **Response:** A high resolution set of the updated drawings were issued by Amendment 2. They are available for download at: https://leftwichlaw.box.com/s/3ysc89ueabnwjs20p8czfh7ae2bnk6y5.
- 4. What is the engineer's estimate for this project? **Response:** The Department's estimate for this project is between \$1 million to \$2 million.
- 5. Is there a Civil Drawing for this project? Since there will be permits required from DC Water, DDOT and other agencies, has there been any feedback/design review from these agencies? **Response:** All drawings available at this time have been made available.
- 6. The scope does show dry utilities, but the drawings do not (as far as I can tell). The scope that they provide is an indicator of the work that will be necessary, but there is not enough detail to price. I understand this is a design build, but more info would be necessary for me to accurately price the work. Otherwise, it is just a total guess. Here is what I would need:
 - Size of the existing vault being enlarged, and to what size are we enlarging?
 - Size of electric and telecom duct bank from and to where you anticipate it going (i.e. in the dirt, into S Street N.W., etc.)
 - Approx. footage of duct bank requested.
 None of this is shown on the 8 drawings, as far as I can tell.

Response: Please see the new location of the vault in red on the drawing below. Requirements are as follow: 6'X14'X10' VAULT; 2 WAY PRIMARY DUCT BANK STUB TO 1'-0" BEYOND PROPERTY LINE; 12 WAY SECONDARY DUCT BANK TO RUN SOUTH, DIRECTLY INTO BUILDING.



- 7. The new communication duct bank, which communication company are we to coordinate with? Response: The Design-Builder will be required to coordinate communication duct bank with Verizon.
- 8. Is there a class of service request into Pepco, has discussion been held with Pepco in reference to the requirement to the underground vault? **Response: Please see response to Ouestion 6 above.**
- 9. Under concrete, please clarify what is concrete clopped walk? Response: This is a typo. There is a requirement to provide a new 1:20 concrete sloped walk noted in the Concept Site Plan Layout.
- 10. Are the calculations available for the bio retention area? Response: Preliminary calculations, performed without the benefit of infiltration rate test data, assumed the infiltration rate to be poor. To meet compliance, the bioretention must retain a minimum of 4,550 cubic feet of stormwater from private space on the school property. Assuming standard bioretention, it is expected that a minimum surface area of 2,600 square feet would be required. The watershed protection division must review and approve the designed plans.
- 11. Is this project still Design-Build? **Response: Yes, the Design-Builder will be required** to work with the Architect to complete the design and to construct the Project.
- 12. Will there be a revised drawing, if so when will we receive them. Or are we working off the concept plans in the RFP? Response: Revised drawings and a narrative scope of work was issued via Amendment 2. Please see response to Question 3 above for the link to the revised drawings.
- 13. Are we including the design fees in our proposal? Response: No, the Offeror's price should not include the costs of the Architect's contract. The cost of the Architect's services to advance the design for the Project will be added to the Offeror's price at the time the Architect's contract is assigned to the Design-Builder.
- 14. What are the liquidated damages? Response: Please see the Item #3 below for the Form of Contract which provides information regarding liquidated damages.
- 15. Is the contractor doing the following work or DGS: **Duct Bank? Response: The Design-Builder will be responsible for providing the duct bank.
- 16. Can we obtain the contract for the Design services that DGS has with the Architect/Engineer, since Design Builder will be assigned the design portion of their contract. Is the Design-builder responsible for any design fees and permit fees? Response: The contract is not available at this time, however, the Architect will not be responsible for paying the fees associated with obtaining the building permit. Offeror's should include in their Lump Sum Price an allowance in the amount of \$50,000 for the costs of the building permit. Trade permit costs should be carried

elsewhere in the Offeror's Lump Sum Price. Please see response to Question 13 with regard to the design fees.

- 17. In order to begin construction by June 17th 2016, considering the award is made by April 12th, which leaves the Design-Builder approx. 60 calendar days to complete the design, go through the review cycle by owners, stakeholders and reviewing agencies (DDOT, DC Water, Pepco, DOEE, Etc.) and obtain permits. That is a very challenging task considering the schematic design at this point is very conceptual and not detailed. Has DGS re-considered a more practical project schedule, based on the pre-construction activities and their duration? **Response: The schedule remains unchanged. Offerors should submit pricing based on completion of the Project by August 15, 2016.**
- 18. I can't open the link showing the drawings and scope of work on the amendment attached. Can you please send me the correct link? **Response: Please see Response to Question 3 above.**

Item #2

Clarifications: The following additional Clarifications are made to the scope of work:

- 1. Cost of the Utility Tap Fees Offerors should include in the lump sum price the following allowances for utility tap fees:
 - a. An allowance of \$50,000 for WASA tap fees; and
 - b. An allowance of \$50,000 for PEPCO fees.
- 2. LEED Documentation The Project is part of a larger effort of the modernization of Garrison Elementary School which must attain a minimum of LEED Gold certification. In order for the larger effort to achieve such LEED certification, the selected Design-Builder shall track and document all design and construction LEED credits and provide LEED credit score card and all related LEED credit documentation to DGS as a deliverable at Substantial Completion.

Item #3

Form of Contract: Attached to this Amendment is the Form of Contract. THE TERMS OF THE FORM OF CONTRACT SHALL PREVAIL OVER THE RFP. TO THE EXTENT THERE IS AN INCONSISTENCY BETWEEN THE FORM OF CONTRACT ISSUED HEREWITH AND THE RFP, THE FORM OF CONTRACT SHALL GOVERN.

Item #4

The bid date is hereby CHANGED. Proposals are due by March 24, 2016 at 2:00 pm EST. Proposals that are hand-delivered should be delivered to the attention of: Ulrich Kossepka, Contract Specialist, at Frank D. Reeves Center, 2000 14th Street, NW, 8th floor, Washington, DC 20009.

- End of Amendment No. 4 -

FORM OF CONTRACT

AGREEMENT FOR DESIGN-BUILD SERVICES

BY AND BETWEEN

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL SERVICES

AND

[SELECTED OFFEROR]

S STREET HARDSCAPE AT GARRISON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

CONTRACT NUMBER: DCAM-16-CS-0088

AGREEMENT FOR DESIGN-BUILD SERVICES S STREET HARDSCAPE AT GARRISON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL CONTRACT NUMBER: DCAM-16-CS-0088

THIS AGREEMENT ("Agreement") is made by and between the **DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA GOVERNMENT**, acting by and through its **DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL SERVICES** (the "Department") and **[SELECTED OFFEROR]**, duly organized under the laws of the [LOCATION], and with a place of business at [ADDRESS] (the "Design-Builder") (collectively, the "Parties").

A. PROJECT INFORMATION

Project Name: S Street Hardscape at Garrison Elementary School (the "Project")

Lump Sum Amount: [AMOUNT]

Substantial Completion Date: August 15, 2016

Project Manager:

Liquidated Damages: Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000) per calendar

B. ATTACHMENTS

Exhibit A: Narrative Scope of Work & Schematic Design Documents

Exhibit B: Schedule of Values Exhibit C: Deliverable List

Exhibit D: LSDBE Utilization Plan
Exhibit E: List of Allowances

Exhibit E: Key Paragraph

Exhibit F: Key Personnel

Exhibit G: Davis Bacon Act Wage Determination

Exhibit H: Workforce Utilization Plan

Exhibit I: Design-Builder's Designated Representative

Exhibit J: Standard Contract Provisions

C. TERMS & CONDITIONS

SECTION 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 1.1 Relationship of Parties. The Design-Builder accepts the relationship of trust and confidence established with the Department by this Agreement, and covenants with the Department to furnish the Design-Builder's reasonable skill and judgment and to cooperate with the Architect/Engineer and the Program Manager in furthering the interests of the Department. The Design-Builder shall use its best efforts to perform the Project in an expeditious and economical manner consistent with the interests of the Department. The Department shall endeavor to promote harmony and cooperation among the Department, Architect/Engineer, Design-Builder, Program Manager, and other persons or entities employed by the Department for the Project. In performing its duties under this Contract, the Design-Builder shall at all times use the standard of care used by Design-Builders that construct similar facilities in urban areas.

Whenever the term "competent" is used herein to describe the Design-Builder's actions or duties that term shall refer to the level of competence customarily possessed by those Design-Builders that construct similar facilities in large, urban areas.

Section 1.2 Project Description. In general, the Project includes design-build services for hardscape, infrastructure and utility infrastructure work along the S Street perimeter of Garrison Elementary School ("Garrison"), located at 1200 S Street, NW, Washington, DC 20009, which must be completed no later than August 15, 2016 (the "Project"). The Department has already engaged the joint venture of Bell Architects, P.C. and Newman Architects, P.C. (the "Architect/Engineer") to serve as the architect/engineer for the modernization of Garrison, which includes the work that is the subject of this Agreement as well as additional work. The Design-Builder shall take assignment of that portion of the Department's agreement with the Architect/Engineer that relates to the Project, and work with the Architect/Engineer to advance the design for the Project, to obtain the required permits, and to construct the approved design no later than August 15, 2016.

Completion Date. Subject to the Excusable Delay provisions of this Section 1.3 Agreement, the Design-Builder agrees to Substantially Complete the Project on or before the date set forth in the Project Information Section of this Agreement. Substantial Completion shall mean that all of the following have occurred: (1) the work has been completed with only minor punch list items remaining to be completed; (2) any and all required permits or approvals related to the work have been obtained; (3) all operating and maintenance manuals, training videotapes and warranties required by the Contract have been delivered to the Department; (4) any supplemental training session required by the Contract for operating or maintenance personnel have been completed; (5) all clean-up required by the Contract has been completed; and (6) the Project is ready for the Department to use it for its intended purpose. "Minor punch list items" are defined for this purpose as items that, in the aggregate, can be completed within thirty (30) days without interfering with the Department's normal use of the Project. Final Completion shall mean the point at which Substantial Completion has been achieved, all punch list items noted at Substantial Completion have been completed and all documents the Design-Builder is required to deliver to the Department as a condition to receiving final payment have been received. Work is defined as the construction and services required by the Agreement, whether completed or partially completed, and includes all other labor, materials, equipment, and services provided or to be provided by the Design-Builder to fulfill the Design-Builder's obligations. The Work may constitute the whole or a part of the Project.

Section 1.4 Program Manager. The Department has engaged a Program Manager (or "PM") to provide certain program management functions. Such Program Manager shall, at all times, be acting solely for the benefit of the Department, not the Design-Builder. The Design-Builder hereby acknowledges and agrees that only a duly authorized contracting officer shall have the authority to issue Change Orders or Change Directives on the Department's behalf. As of the date that this Agreement is signed, the Department's duly authorizing contracting officers are Christopher Weaver, Yinka Alao, and James Marshall. Unless otherwise provided herein, all deliverables hereunder shall be submitted to the PM.

Section 1.5 Prolog. The Design-Builder shall utilize the Department's Prolog system to submit any and all documentation required to be provided by the Design-Builder for the Project, including, but not limited to, (i) requests for information; (ii) submittals; (iii) meeting minutes; (iv) proposed Changes; and (v) applications for payment.

Section 1.6 <u>Deliverables.</u> Attached as <u>Exhibit C</u> is a list of deliverables required from the Design-Builder. This list is attached for the convenience of the parties and does not limit the Design-Builder's obligations set forth herein. For the avoidance of doubt, it is understood and agreed that should that Design-Builder fail to deliver any such deliverable by the due date the Administrative Liquidated Damages set forth in the Standard Contract Provisions shall apply.

SECTION 2 PRECONSTRUCTION PHASE

Section 2.1 <u>Detailed Schedule.</u> Within seven (7) days of the issuance of a Notice to Proceed for Preconstruction Phase, the Design-Builder shall submit to the Department for its approval a schedule of Project. Such schedule shall include a schedule for submittals that is reasonably acceptable to the Program Manager.

Section 2.2 <u>Potential Subcontractors and Suppliers.</u> The Design-Builder shall furnish to the Department and its Program Manager a list of the subcontractors and suppliers that will work on this Project as well as a general description of each such subcontractor's scope of work. Within five (5) business days after such list is submitted, the Program Manager shall advise the Design-Builder if it has any objection to any of the listed subcontractors or suppliers. In the event the Program Manager has a reasonable objection to any such subcontractor or supplier, the Parties shall discuss such objection and agree on an appropriate course of action.

Section 2.3 Assignment of Design Contract; Design Services. Concurrent with the execution of this Agreement, the portion of the Department's Agreement with the Architect/Engineer for the Garrison modernization that relates to this Project will be assigned to the Design-Builder. Such assignment shall be effective as of the date this Agreement becomes effective and without need for any further documentation affecting such transfer. From and after such partial assignment (it being understood that the Architect/Engineer's contract relates to a larger project and that those portions of the contract that do not relate to this Project are being retained by the Department), the Design-Builder shall be required to manage the design and the activities of the Architect/Engineer.

Section 2.3.1 The Design-Builder's duties in managing the Architect/Engineer shall include but are not limited to: (i) managing and coordinating the design work of the Architect/Engineer to ensure that the Project is done in a timely manner and on schedule; (ii) directly coordinating all requests for information (RFI's) and resolving in the field where possible; (iii) ensuring that all shop drawings and submittals are coordinated; and (iv) maintaining a timely and accurate review and return of shop drawings and submittals by the Architect/Engineer.

Section 2.3.2 Notwithstanding the Section 2.3.1 above, the Design-Builder shall not be responsible for performing the work of the Architect/Engineer or the aesthetic elements of the Architect/Engineer's contract; provided, however, that the Design/Builder shall ensure that the design evolves in a manner consistent with the approved design documents, the GMP and the Department's schedule and programmatic requirements for the Project. In the event of a conflict in the approved design documents, the more expensive requirement shall govern

Design Services. The Design-Builder shall cause the Architect/Engineer Section 2.4 to complete the design of the Project so that it reflects a logical progression of the design intent set forth in Exhibit A. The Design-Builder shall cause the Architect/Engineer to submit to the Department and its Program Manager copies of all design documents for review and approval. The Department shall have seven (7) days to approve the design document, and if the Department takes no action within seven (7) days, the design documents shall be deemed approved. The Department may disapprove the design documents or any change thereto for any reason. In the event the Department disapproves any such package, the Design-Builder shall not be entitled to a change in the GMP and/or the Substantial Completion Date unless the change being requested by the Department reflects a departure from the design intent fairly reflected in Exhibit A. To the extent that the change being requested by the Department is necessary in order to preserve the design intent or functionality contemplated in **Exhibit A** or is necessary in order to address concerns raised by the Code Official, Design-Builder shall cause the Architect/Engineer to further revise the drawings and shall not be entitled to an adjustment to the Lump Sum Price or the Substantial Completion Date by virtue of such redesign.

Section 2.5 Permits. The Design-Builder shall be responsible for securing and paying for the building permit for the Project. The Design-Builder shall secure and pay for any other permits, governmental fees, licenses and inspections necessary for the execution the work and to complete the Project. The Department shall cooperate with the Design-Builder in securing such permits, licenses and inspections; provided however, the Department shall not be required to pay the fees for such permits, licenses and inspections unless otherwise noted herein. An allowance in the amount of Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000) is included in the Lump Sum Price for the costs of the building permit.

Section 2.6 <u>Notices.</u> The Design-Builder shall comply with and give notices required by agencies having jurisdiction over the Work. If the Design-Builder performs Work knowing it to be contrary to applicable laws, statutes, ordinances, codes, rules and regulations, or lawful orders of public authorities, the Design-Builder shall assume full responsibility for such Work and shall bear the attributable costs. The Design-Builder shall promptly notify the Department in writing of any known inconsistencies in the Drawings and Specifications with such governmental laws, rules and regulations.

Section 2.7 <u>Letter Contract</u>. The Department and the Design-Builder entered into a letter contract dated [DATE] (the "Letter Contract"). It is understood and agreed that certain of the design and preconstruction activities described above were performed while the Letter Contract was in place, and the terms of the Letter Contract shall merge into and be superseded by this Agreement upon the execution of this Agreement.

SECTION 3 CONTRACT SUM

Section 3.1 Lump Sum Price. The Design-Builder shall be paid a Lump Sum Price in the amount set forth in the Project Information Section of this Agreement to Fully Complete the Project. Fully Complete shall mean to undertake all of the Work necessary to fully construct and complete the Project and execute all tasks necessary to obtain the final Certificate of Occupancy for the Project from the District of Columbia; submit final lien releases from the Design-Builder and Subcontractors and material suppliers; complete all punch list items to the Department's approval and sign-off; and cause all representations, warranties and guarantees to be honored and otherwise fulfill all of the requirements set forth in the Contract.

Nature of the Lump Sum Price. The Design-Builder acknowledges and Section 3.2 understands that the Lump Sum Price is based on the Narrative Scope of Work and Schematic Design included as Exhibit A. As such, the Design-Builder and the Department acknowledge that the Drawings and Specifications are not complete, however, the Design-Builder hereby represents that it has a sufficient understanding of the Project to agree to a Lump Sum Price to Fully Complete the Project. The Design-Builder hereby acknowledges that the Narrative Scope of Work and Schematic Design included as **Exhibit A** provide sufficient detail and information to provide a firm Lump Sum Price and that the Lump Sum Price set forth herein is intended to represent the Design-Builder's offer to Fully Complete the Project. The Parties acknowledge and agree that it is their intent to have the Design-Builder to construct and deliver a fully functional Project site as contemplated in the Construction Documents for the Lump Sum Price and consistent with the Project Schedule. In furtherance of such intent, the Design-Builder hereby assumes the risks associated with and shall be responsible for (i) any changes in market conditions that affect the cost of labor or materials; (ii) the elements of the Work that are not reflected on the preliminary design but which are a logical development of the design intent or otherwise necessary for the Project serve its intended purpose; (iii) coordination issues between the Construction Documents; (iv) elements of work not shown on the Construction Documents, but which are reasonably inferable from the Construction Documents; (v) cost associated with acceleration of the work and expediting of materials necessary to meet the Project Schedule which are the result of anything other than an Excusable Delay; (vi) the risk of subcontractor default. For the avoidance of doubt, the Design-Builder accepts responsibility for the evolution of the design that is necessary to deliver a Project that accomplishes the design intent in the preliminary design as the documents are progressed from a conceptual design to a complete issued for construction set of documents.

Section 3.3 Risks Assumed by Design-Builder. Execution of the Agreement by the Design-Builder is a representation that the Design-Builder has thoroughly examined the terms of this Agreement and the Construction Documents and has visited the Project site and has become familiar with local conditions under which the Work is to be performed. The Design-Builder further represents that it has satisfied itself that it can undertake the work for the stated cost. Among other things, by entering into this Agreement, the Design-Builder assumes the following risks: (1) the nature of the land and subsoil; (2) the form and nature of the site and surrounding

areas; (3) details and levels of existing pipe lines, conduits, sewers, drains, cables or other existing services; (4) the quantities, nature and availability of the materials, tools, equipment and labor necessary for the completion of the Work; (5) the means of access to the site and any accommodation that may be required; (6) uncertainties of weather and physical conditions at the site; and (7) in general to have itself obtained all necessary information as to risk contingencies, climatic, hydrological and natural conditions and other circumstances which may influence or affect its performance of the Work.

Section 3.4 Allowances. The Lump Sum Price includes the allowances identified on **Exhibit E**. In the event that the cost of any Scope of Work to be covered by any allowance will exceed the amount of the allowance, the Design-Builder shall submit a Change Request. In the event that the cost of any Scope of Work to be covered by any allowance is less than the allowance, the savings in the allowance shall revert to the Department.

Section 3.5 <u>Tax Exempt Status.</u> The Department expects that the Project will qualify as tax-exempt under the applicable laws, and such tax exemption shall be reflected in the Lump Sum Price.

Section 3.6 Project Incentives. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, the Lump Sum Price shall be increased by two percent (2%) if both of the objectives set forth below are met and shall be decreased by two percent (2%) if either or both of the objectives set forth below are not met. The objectives are as follows:

- **On-Time Completion.** Substantial Completion is achieved no later than August 15, 2016.
- **Cost Control.** The total amount paid to the Design-Builder for Work performed under this Contract is less than or equal to the Lump Sum Price, regardless of any increases authorized by subsequent Change Order, plus Three Percent (3%) of the Lump Sum Price.

In determining whether these objectives have been met, the Department will evaluate whether the stated objectives have, in fact, been achieved. This decision shall be made regardless of the reason the objectives have or have not been met, and the Design-Builder acknowledges and agrees that the Design-Builder may lose entitlement to such portion of the Lump Sum Price even if objectives are not met due to the fault of the Department, the Architect/Engineer, the Code Official, the utility companies, events of force majeure or otherwise.

SECTION 4 CONSTRUCTION PHASE

Section 4.1 General. The Construction Phase shall commence when the Department issues a written Notice to Proceed for Construction. The Design-Builder shall construct the work described on the approved Construction Documents for the Project, including any work that is that is not specifically shown thereon but is reasonably inferable therefrom or necessary for a fully functioning Project. The Work shall be carried out in a good and workmanlike, first-class manner, and in timely fashion. All materials and equipment to be incorporated into the Project shall be new and previously unused, unless otherwise specified, and shall be free of manufacturing or other defects.

Section 4.1.1 Supervision & Coordination.

The Design-Builder will be required to properly supervise and coordinate its work. At a minimum, it is envisioned that the Design-Builder will be required to undertake the following tasks:

- .1 Participate and assist in Project/Planning meetings;
- .2 Maintain full-time on-site construction supervision and provide daily inspections, quality control, monitoring, coordination of various trades, record drawings, and daily work log;
- .3 Coordinate work with any on-site DPW personnel so as to ensure that their activities are not adversely affected;
- .4 Conduct periodic progress meetings following a Design-Builder generated agenda with the Program Manager;
- .5 Provide general safety and signage and posting for the project and see that each subcontractor prepares and submits adequate safety program and monitoring throughout the project;
- Obtain all job permits and approvals from the Department of Consumer and Regulatory Affairs that are required to perform and complete the Work, unless otherwise noted herein;
- .7 Prepare payment requests, verify accuracy and forward to Department for approval and payment;
- **.8** Assemble close-out documents required; and
- .9 Provide assistance to the Department through all applicable warranty periods.
- .10 Coordinate its work with all third parties so as not to delay the critical path of the Project.
- .11 Prepare and submit to the Department construction meeting minutes, progress meeting minutes, daily logs, inspection reports, preliminary and baseline schedules, (Primavera format) and schedule updates demonstrating the critical path of the Project (Primavera format).

Section 4.2 <u>Mandatory Subcontract Provisions.</u> To the extent the Design-Builder intends to subcontract a portion of the Work, any subcontract in excess of Twenty Five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000) shall include the following provisions:

- .1 that, to the extent of the Work or supply within the Contract's scope, the Subcontractor or supplier is bound to the Design-Builder for the performance of all obligations which the Design-Builder owes the Department under the Contract;
- .2 that the Subcontractor or supplier is not in privity with the Department and shall not seek compensation directly from the Department on any third-party beneficiary, quantum meruit, or unjust enrichment claim, or otherwise, except as may be permitted by any applicable mechanic's lien law;
- .3 that the Department is a third-party beneficiary of the subcontract or supply agreement, entitled to enforce any rights thereunder for its benefit;
- .4 that the Subcontractor or supplier consents to assignment of its agreement to the Department, at the Department's sole option, if the Design-Builder is terminated for default;
- .5 that the Subcontractor or supplier shall comply immediately with a written order from the Department to the Design-Builder to suspend or stop work;
- that the Subcontractor or supplier shall maintain records of all Work it is requested or authorized to do on a time and material or cost-plus basis, or with respect to claims that it has asserted on a time and materials or cost-plus basis, during the Project and for at least three (3) years after the Project is Substantially Complete and requiring the Subcontractor or supplier to make those records available for review or audit by the Department during that time;
- .7 that the Subcontractor and Sub-subcontractors, at all tiers, have reviewed the Construction Documents including, but not limited to, all Drawings and Specifications provided by the Architect/Engineer, for accuracy, constructability and completeness and will bring any deficiency to the attention of the Department before the Subcontractor enters into a subcontract with the Design-Builder;
- .8 that the Subcontractor shall obtain and maintain, throughout the Project, workers' compensation insurance in accordance with the laws of the District of Columbia. It is understood that this provision is not applicable to supply agreements;
- that, if the Department terminates the Contract for convenience, the Design-Builder may similarly terminate the subcontract or supply agreement for convenience, upon seven (7) days' written notice to the Subcontractor or supplier, and that the Subcontractor or supplier shall, in such a case, be entitled only to the costs set forth in the Termination for Convenience provisions of this Agreement;
- .10 that the Department shall have the right to enter into a contract with the Subcontractor or supplier for the same price as its subcontract or supply

- agreement price less amounts already paid, if the Design-Builder files a voluntary petition in bankruptcy or has an involuntary petition in bankruptcy filed against it;
- .11 that the Subcontractor or supplier shall not be entitled to payment for defective or non-conforming work, materials or equipment, and shall be obligated promptly to repair or replace non-conforming work, materials or equipment at its own cost;
- a provision requiring that Subcontractors and suppliers promptly pay Subcontractors and suppliers at lower tiers, imposing upon the Subcontractors and suppliers a duty to pay interest on late payments, and barring reimbursement for interest paid to lower tier Subcontractors or suppliers due to a Subcontractor's or supplier's failure to pay them in timely fashion;
- a provision requiring that all Subcontractors at all tiers comply with the provisions of Section 10 (Economic Inclusion Requirements); <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that the Design-Builder may, in its reasonable discretion impose a different LSDBE subcontracting goal on some or all of its Subcontractors; <u>provided</u>, <u>further</u>, <u>however</u>, that nothing in this provision shall be deemed to excuse the Design-Builder from using its best efforts to achieve the LSDBE subcontracting goal on an aggregate basis for the Project;
- .14 a provision which allows the Design-Builder to withhold payment from the Subcontractor if the Subcontractor does not meet the requirements of the Subcontract;
- .15 lien and claim release and waiver provisions substantially identical to those in this Agreement.
- **Section 4.3** <u>Certified Subcontractors.</u> The Design-Builder shall not substitute or replace any Subcontractor or supplier certified by the District of Columbia Department of Small and Local Business Development without the Department's prior written consent.
- **Section 4.4** Payment by Joint Check in Certain Instances. If it comes to the Department's attention that a Subcontractor or supplier has not been paid in timely fashion (other than for disputed amounts), and if the Design-Builder fails to cure the problem within five (5) calendar days after the Department gives it written notice of the failure to pay, the Department may make payments to the Subcontractor or supplier and Design-Builder by joint check.
- **Section 4.5** <u>Site Observations.</u> The Design-Builder will be required to visit the site, become familiar with local conditions under which the work is to be performed and correlate personal observations with requirements of the Construction Documents. The Design-Builder shall carefully study and compare the Construction Documents with each other and with information furnished by the Department. Before commencing activities, the Design-Builder shall (1) take field measurements and verify field conditions; (2) carefully compare this and other information known to the Design-Builder with the Construction Documents; and (3) promptly

report errors, inconsistencies or omissions discovered to the Department. Once work is started, the Design-Builder assumes the responsibility and costs for the work and the cost of correcting work previously installed.

Section 4.6 Warranty of the Construction Work. The Design-Builder warrants to the Department that materials and equipment furnished under this Agreement will be of good quality and new unless otherwise expressly permitted in writing, that for the one (1) year period following the Substantial Completion Date the construction work will be free from defects not inherent in the quality required or permitted, and that the Work will conform to the Construction Documents and/or any approved design documents. The Design-Builder's warranty excludes remedy for damage or defect caused by abuse, modifications not executed by the Design-Builder, improper or insufficient maintenance, improper operation, or normal wear and tear and normal usage. The Design-Builder and a representative of the Department shall walk the Project together eleven (11) months after the Substantial Completion Date to identify any necessary warranty work. In the event the Design-Builder fails to schedule such a walk, the Warranty period shall be extended until such time as the Design-Builder schedules such a walk.

Section 4.7 <u>Unsafe Materials and Hazardous Materials</u>

Section 4.7.1 The Design-Builder shall not bring, spill or release onto the site asbestos, PCBs, or any other Hazardous Material that is not customarily used in a facility of the type and similar to the Project, and shall bring to the Department's attention any specification of such Hazardous Materials in the design documents. If the Design-Builder believes that anything in this Agreement would require that it use or bring onto the site asbestos, PCBs, or any Hazardous Material that is not customarily used in a facility of the type and similar to the Project, it shall immediately inform the Department and seek direction before proceeding.

Section 4.7.2 If Hazardous Materials are discovered on the site, the Design-Builder shall immediately inform the Program Manager and the Department of such discovery. The Design-Builder shall be entitled to submit a Change Request for any Hazardous Materials abatement and disposal work. The Design-Builder shall comply with all laws, including, without limitation, the requirements of the EPA and all jurisdictional agencies as well as all laws relating to safety, health welfare, and protection of the environment, in removing, treating, encapsulating, passivating, and/or disposing of Hazardous Materials, including, but not limited to, removal, treatment, encapsulation, passivation, and/or disposal of the Hazardous Materials. If any notices to governmental authorities are required, the Design-Builder shall also give those notices at the appropriate times. The Design-Builder shall ensure abatement subcontractors and disposal sites are appropriately licensed and qualified. In addition, the Design-Builder shall ensure that any subcontractors involved in the abatement of hazardous materials maintain a contractor's pollution legal liability insurance policy of at least Two Million Dollars (\$2,000,000) for the duration of the Project and a period of three (3) years after Substantial Completion of the Project, and that any disposal site to which hazardous materials are taken carries environmental impairment liability insurance for the duration of the Project and a period of three (3) years after Substantial Completion of the Project.

- **Section 4.7.3** The Design-Builder shall keep detailed records documenting Work done so that the Department may independently verify compliance with all laws, the number of units actually removed, treated, and/or disposed of, and the appropriate unit price(s) applicable to the Work.
- **Section 4.8** <u>Progress Meetings.</u> The Design-Builder shall schedule and conduct at a minimum bi-weekly progress meetings at which the Department, the Architect/Engineer, the Program Manager, the Design-Builder and appropriate Subcontractors can discuss the status of the Work. The Design-Builder shall prepare and promptly distribute meeting minutes.
- Section 4.9 Written Reports. The Design-Builder shall provide written reports to the Program Manager on the progress of the entire Work in accordance at least every other week, including, but not limited to, a baseline schedule and schedule updates with narrative demonstrating the critical path of the Project in Primavera format. The Design-Builder shall also maintain a daily log containing a record of weather, Subcontractors working on the site, number of workers, major equipment on the site, Work accomplished, problems encountered and other similar relevant data as the Department may reasonably require. The log shall be available to the Department, the Architect/Engineer and the Program Manager and on a monthly basis a copy of the log shall be submitted to the Department.
- **Section 4.10** <u>Key Personnel.</u> To carry out its duties, the Design-Builder shall provide at least the key personnel identified in $\underline{Exhibit\ F}$ to this Agreement, who shall carry out the functions identified in $\underline{Exhibit\ F}$. The Design-Builder shall not replace any of the key personnel without the Department's prior written approval, which shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- **Section 4.11** <u>Work by Separate Contractors.</u> The Department reserves the right to perform construction or operations related to the Project with the Department's own forces, and to award separate contracts in connection with other portions of the Project or other construction or operations on the site.
- Section 4.12 Site Safety and Clean-Up. The Design-Builder will be required to: (i) provide a safe and efficient site, with controlled access, including the installation and provision of such safety barricades, enclosures and overhead protection as may reasonably be required by the Department and as may be necessary to ensure a safe workplace or as may be required by OSHA or other applicable law, and to remove such at the end of the Work and leave the site in broom clean condition; (ii) provide wheel washing stations on site so as to prevent the accumulation of dirt and other refuse on the streets surrounding the Project site; (iii) be responsible for site security; and (iv) be responsible for the cost of temporary power used during the construction of the Project, including, but not limited to, the cost of installing such temporary wiring as may be required.
- **Section 4.13** Close-out. The Design-Builder shall be required to prepare and submit at close-out a complete set of product manuals, warranties, etc. The Design-Builder shall also provide the Department with a complete set of its Project files, including, but not limited to, shop drawings.

Section 4.14 <u>Salvaged and Stored Items.</u> The Design-Builder shall be responsible for salvaging and storing all items as identified by the Department in accordance with all applicable District laws and regulations, after notifying the Department and receiving the Department's permission to proceed.

Section 4.15 <u>Cutting and Patching.</u> The Design-Builder shall be responsible for cutting, fitting or patching required to complete the Work or to make its parts fit together properly. All areas requiring cutting, fitting and patching shall be restored to the condition existing prior to the cutting, fitting and patching. The Design-Builder shall not damage or endanger a portion of the Work or fully or partially completed construction of the Department or separate contractors by cutting, patching or otherwise altering such construction, or by excavation.

Section 4.16 Correction of Work.

Section 4.16.1 The Department shall be at liberty to object and to require the Design-Builder to remove forthwith from the Project site and the Work and to promptly replace the Superintendent, any foreman, technical assistant, laborer, agent, representative, or other person used by the Design-Builder in or about the execution or maintenance of the Work, who in the sole opinion of the Department is misconducting himself or herself, or is incompetent or negligent in the proper performance of his or her duties, or whose performance in the Work is otherwise considered by the Department to be undesirable or unsatisfactory, and such person shall not be again employed upon the Project without the written permission of the Department.

Section 4.16.2 The Design-Builder shall promptly correct Work rejected by Department for failing to conform to the requirements of the Construction Documents or any approved design document or applicable law or regulations whether observed before or after the Project's completion and whether or not fabricated, installed or completed, and shall correct any Work found to be not in accordance with the requirements within a period of one (1) year from the date of completion or by terms of an applicable special warranty required by this Agreement.

Section 4.16.3 If during the guarantee or warranty period, any material, equipment or system requires corrective Work because of defects in materials or workmanship, the Design-Builder shall commence corrective Work within forty-eight (48) hours after receiving the notice and work diligently until corrective Work is completed; provided, however, if such notice is received on the day before a weekend or a holiday, the Design-Builder will commence corrective Work on the next business day. If the Design-Builder does not, in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Contract Documents, commence all corrective Work within forty-eight (48) hours or if the Design-Builder commences such Work but does not pursue it in an expeditious manner, Department may either notify the bonding company (if any) to have such Work and/or obligations performed at no additional cost to Department or may perform such Work and/or obligations and charge the costs thereof to Design-Builder.

Section 4.17 Manufacturers' Warranties.

Section 4.17.1 The Design-Builder warrants that all manufacturers' or other warranties on all labor, materials and equipment furnished by the Design-Builder or a Subcontractor or supplier shall run directly to or will be specifically assigned to Department on demand or upon Project completion without demand. In the event any issue or defect which would be covered by any warranty arises but is not addressed by the grantor of the warranty, the Design-Builder shall be required to act as the guarantor of the obligations under the warranty and to perform under the terms of the warranty.

Section 4.17.2 The Design-Builder warrants that the installation of all materials and equipment shall be in strict accordance with the manufacturers' requirements or specifications.

Section 4.18 Schedule Update. The Design-Builder shall submit bi-weekly schedule updates which shall reflect actual conditions of Project progress as of the date of the update. The update shall reflect the actual progress of construction, identify developing delays, regardless of their cause, and reflect the Design-Builder's best projection of the actual date by which Substantial Completion and Final Completion of the Project will be achieved. Via a narrative statement (not merely a critical path method schedule), the Design-Builder shall identify the causes of any potential delay and state what, in the Design-Builder's judgment, must be done to avoid or reduce that delay. The Design-Builder shall point out, in its narrative, changes that have occurred since the last update, including those related to major changes in the scope of work, activities modified since the last update, revised projections of durations, progress and completion, revisions to the schedule logic or assumptions, and other relevant changes. Any significant variance from the previous schedule or update shall also be identified in a narrative, together with the reasons for the variance and its impact on Project completion. All schedule updates shall be in a native format reasonably acceptable to the Department (e.g., Primavera). The Department may make reasonable requests during the Project for changes to the format or for further explanation of information provided. Submission of updates showing that Substantial Completion or Final Completion of the Project will be achieved later than the applicable scheduled completion date shall not constitute requests for extension of time and shall not operate to change the scheduled completion date. The Department's receipt of, and lack of objection to, any schedule update showing Substantial Completion or Final Completion later than the dates agreed upon in the Project Schedule shall not be regarded as the Department's agreement that the Design-Builder may have an extension of time, or as a waiver of any of the Department's rights, but merely as the Design-Builder's representation that, as a matter of fact, Substantial Completion or Final Completion of the Project may not be completed by the agreed upon date in the Project Schedule. Changes to the scheduled completion dates may be made only in the circumstances and only by the methods set forth in this Agreement.

SECTION 5 CLAIMS FOR ADDITIONAL TIME

Section 5.1 Time is of the essence for this Contract.

Section 5.2 The Design-Builder will perform the Work so that it shall achieve Substantial Completion by the Substantial Completion Date. Unless the failure to achieve Substantial Completion by the Substantial Completion Date is a result of an Excusable Delay, as

defined in Section 5.3, the delay shall be deemed Non-Excusable and the Design-Builder shall not be entitled to an extension of time. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, delays for the following reasons shall be regarded as Non-Excusable and shall not entitle the Design-Builder to an extension of time:

- .1 Delays due to job site labor disputes, work stoppages, or suspensions of work;
- Delays due to adverse weather, unless the Design-Builder establishes that the adverse weather was of a nature and duration in excess of averages established by data from the U.S. Department of Commerce, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration for the Project locale for the ten (10) years preceding the effective date of the Contract;
- .3 Delays due to the failure of the Design-Builder or Subcontractors or material suppliers at any tier to perform in timely or proper fashion, without regard to concepts of negligence or fault; or
- .4 Delays due to Site conditions whether known or unknown as of the effective date of the Contract, foreseeable or unforeseeable at that time, naturally occurring or man-made; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that delays due to Differing Site Conditions or remediation of Hazardous Materials shall be deemed an Excusable Delay.

Section 5.3 The Design-Builder shall be entitled to an adjustment in the Substantial Completion Date due to an Excusable Delay. The term "Excusable Delay" shall mean:

- .1 Delays due to adverse weather other than those that are classified as a Non-Excusable delay;
- Delays due to acts of God, war, unavoidable casualties, civil unrest, and other similar causes of delay that are beyond the control of the Design-Builder; provided, however, that in no event shall a Non-Excusable delay or the action of the Design-Builder, or any of its employees, agents, Subcontractors or material suppliers be deemed an Excusable Delay; or
- .3 Delays caused by Differing Site Conditions or remediation of Hazardous Materials remediation.

In addition to the forgoing, a delay shall be deemed to be an Excusable Delay only to the extent that such delay (i) warrants an extension in the Substantial or Final Completion Date; (ii) has not been caused by the Design-Builder or any of its employees, agents, Subcontractors or material suppliers; (iii) is of a duration of not less than three (3) days; (iv) is on Project's critical path; and (v) is in addition to any time contingency periods set forth in the critical path.

Section 5.4 If the Design-Builder wishes to make a claim for an increase in the time to complete the Work required under this Agreement, written notice as provided herein shall be

given. The Design-Builder's claim shall include an estimate of the cost and of the probable effect of delay on the progress of the Work. In the case of continuing delay, only one claim is necessary.

Acceleration. Subject to the terms of this Section 5.5, the Department Section 5.5 shall have the right to direct the Design-Builder to accelerate the Work if, in the reasonable judgment of Department, the Design-Builder fails to: (i) supply a sufficiency of workers or to deliver the materials or equipment with such promptness as to prevent the delay in the progress of the Work; or (ii) the progress of the Work materially falls behind the projections contained in the then currently approved Project Schedule. In the event that the Department or its Program Manager determine that either of the events specified in the preceding sentence have occurred, the Department shall provide the Design-Builder with written notice of such event and the Design-Builder shall be required to provide the Department with a corrective action plan that is reasonably designed to address the concerns raised in such notice within three (3) days after receipt of such notice. If the Department and the Design-Builder are unable to agree on the terms of such corrective action plan within five (5) days after the issuance of the notice (i.e. with forty eight (48) hours after the receipt of the proposed corrective action plan), the Department shall have the right to direct such acceleration as the Department, in its reasonable judgment, deems necessary. Provided the notice provisions of this Section are complied with, the cost of any acceleration directed under this Section shall not justify an adjustment to the Lump Sum Price or the Substantial Completion Date. The Design-Builder hereby acknowledges that this provision is a material inducement upon which the Department has relied in entering into this Agreement; and represents and warrants that it has included sufficient funding in its Lump Sum Price in order to comply with the requirements of this Section.

SECTION 6 CHANGES & MARK-UPS

Section 6.1 Changes Generally. Unless otherwise specified herein, changes to the Work shall be reviewed in accordance with the District of Columbia Department of General Services Standard Contract Provisions, General Provisions (Construction Contract), as amended, which are attached hereto as **Exhibit J** and incorporated herein.

Section 6.2 Markups. For Changes to the Lump Sum Price, the following conditions shall apply:

- .1 For increases in the Work which the Design-Builder is permitted to perform by Design-Builder's own forces, the Lump Sum Price shall be increased by the sum of: (i) the Direct Cost of the Work; and (ii) a fee (covering home office overhead, field supervision, general conditions and profit) of fifteen percent (15%) of the sum due under (i);
- .2 For increases in the Work performed by Subcontractors, the Lump Sum Price shall be increased by the sum of: (i) the Direct Cost of the Work incurred by the Subcontractor for the changed Work; (ii) a fee (covering home office overhead and profit) equal to fifteen percent (15%) of the sum due under (i) above

for the Subcontractor performing such Work; and (iii) a fee (covering the Design-Builder's home office overhead, field supervision, general conditions and profit) of five percent (5%) of the sum of items (i) and (ii). Intervening tier Subcontractors shall be entitled to a mark-up of five percent (5%) (covering home office overhead, field supervision, general conditions and profit); provided, however, that in all situations and regardless of the number of tier Subcontractors involved, the maximum mark-up on the Direct Cost of the Work shall be twenty five percent (25%) and provided, further, that the Design-Builder shall not be entitled to the markup referred to in item (iii) on changes unless such changes exceed, either individually or in the aggregate, five percent (5%) of the Lump Sum Price.

- .3 When both additions and credits are involved in any one change in the Work, the Design-Builder's Change Order and markup shall be figured on the basis of the net increase, if any.
- .4 Fee will not be paid by Department for overtime or weekend work unless overtime is requested in writing and approved in writing by Department.
- .5 The amount of credit to be allowed by Design-Builder to Department for a deletion or change which results in a net decrease in the Lump Sum Price shall be the Cost avoided as confirmed by Department plus fifteen percent (15%) for profit on the deleted work.
- .6 Direct Cost of the Work shall mean labor, material and other costs reasonably and necessarily incurred in the proper performance of the Work as approved by the Department, and shall include, but is not limited to:
- (a) **Labor**. Payment will be made for direct labor cost plus indirect labor cost such as insurance, taxes, fringe benefits and welfare provided such costs are considered reasonable. Indirect costs shall be itemized and verified by receipted invoices. If verification is not possible, up to eighteen percent (18%) of direct labor costs may be allowed.
- (b) **Rented Equipment**. Payment for required equipment rented from an outside company that is neither an affiliate of, nor a subsidiary of, the Design-Builder will be based on receipted invoices which shall not exceed rates given in the current edition of the Rental Rate Blue Book for Construction Equipment published by Data Quest. If actual rental rates exceed manual rates, written justification shall be furnished to the Contracting Officer for consideration. No additional allowance will be made for overhead and profit. The Design-Builder shall submit written certification to the Contracting Officer that any required rented equipment is neither owned by nor rented from the Design-Builder or an affiliate of or subsidiary of the Design-Builder.

(c) **Design-Builder's Equipment**. Payment for required equipment owned by the Design-Builder or an affiliate of the Design-Builder will be based solely on an hourly rate derived by dividing the current appropriate monthly rate by 176 hours. No payment will be made under any circumstances for repair costs, freight and transportation charges, fuel, lubricants, insurance, any other costs and expenses, or overhead and profit. Payment for such equipment made idle by delays attributable to the Government will be based on one-half the derived hourly rate under this subsection.

Such costs, however, do not include home office overhead, field supervision, general conditions or profit of either the Subcontractor or the Design-Builder. No personnel above the level of a working foreman shall be considered a Direct Cost of the Work.

Section 6.3 <u>Design-Builder's Designated Representative.</u> The Design-Builder designates the individual(s) identified in <u>Exhibit I</u> as its representative with express authority to bind the Design-Builder with respect to all matters requiring the Design-Builder's approval or authorization. In addition, the Department retains the right to approve candidates for key on-site personnel in accordance with their experience with similar projects and local marketplace conditions. Once approved, individuals cannot be changed without the Department's prior approval. During the entire term, it is agreed that the Design-Builder's designated representative will devote his time exclusively to the Project, unless the Department consents to a reduction in time. All services provided by the Design-Builder shall be performed in accordance with the highest professional standards recognized and adhered to by Design-Builders that perform historic renovation construction services for municipal facilities.

SECTION 7 LIQUIDATED DAMAGES

If the Design-Builder fails to achieve Substantial Completion by the Substantial Completion Date, the Parties acknowledge and agree that the actual damage to the Department for the delay will be impossible to determine, and in lieu thereof, the Design-Builder shall pay to the Department, as fixed, agreed and liquidated delay damages in the amount of set forth in the Project Information Section of this Agreement per day for each calendar day of delay for failure to meet the Substantial Completion Date. The Design-Builder and the Department agree that the liquidated damages do not constitute, and shall not be deemed, a penalty but represent a reasonable approximation of the damages to the Department associated with a delay in the Project. In the event the Design-Builder fails to meet the Substantial Completion Date for more than 50 days, the Design-Builder consents to a termination for default.

SECTION 8 INSURANCE AND BONDS

Section 8.1 The Design-Builder will be required to maintain the following types of insurance throughout the life of the Contract. In the event that a claim for or related to the Project is made on any such policy or any other policy, the Design-Builder shall be responsible

for the payment of any applicable deductible and shall not be entitled to an increase in Lump Sum for the costs of paying such deductible.

- Commercial general public liability insurance ("Liability Insurance") against liability for bodily injury and death and property damage, such Liability Insurance to be in an amount not less than Five Million Dollars (\$5,000,000) for liability for bodily injury, death and property damage arising from any one occurrence and Five Million Dollars (\$5,000,000) from the aggregate of all occurrences within each policy year. The policy should include completed operations coverage. Such coverage shall be maintained for the duration of the Project as well as three (3) years after Substantial Completion of the Project is achieved.
- Workers' compensation and Employers Liability coverage providing statutory benefits for all persons employed by the Design-Builder, or its contractors and subcontractors at or in connection with the Work.
- .3 Automobile Liability, including Hired and Non-Owned Auto Liability in the amount of at least One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000) for each occurrence for bodily injury and property damage.
- .4 Builder's risk insurance written on an "all risk" basis and covering the value of the improvements being constructed. This coverage does not need to be maintained until such time as construction operations begin.
- Design-Builder's Pollution Liability coverage in the amount of at least Two Million Dollars (\$2,000,000) for each occurrence. Such coverage shall be maintained for the duration of the Project as well as three (3) years after Substantial Completion of the Project is achieved.
- **.6** Excess umbrella liability coverage (on at least a follow form basis) and when combined with the general liability policy has an aggregate limit of at least Ten Million Dollars (\$10,000,000).
- **Section 8.2** Each insurance policy shall be issued in the name of the Design-Builder and shall name as additional insured parties the Department and the District of Columbia, and the officers, agents and employees of each. Such insurance policies shall not be cancelable or reduced without thirty (30) days prior written notice to the Department.
- **Section 8.3** All such insurance policies shall contain a waiver of subrogation against the Department and the District of Columbia, and their respective agents.
- **Section 8.4** All such insurance policies shall be written by a company that is rated at least A- by A.M. Best and having a surplus size rating of at least XV and is licensed/approved to do business in the District of Columbia.

Section 8.5 Performance Bond and Payment Bond. The Design-Builder shall, before commencing the Construction Phase, provide to the Department a payment bond and performance bond, each with a penal sum equal to the Lump Sum Price. Such bond shall remain in full force and effect until Final Completion is achieved and the Department shall be able to draw upon such bond regardless of the amount paid by the Department to the Design-Builder, even if such amount exceeds the penal value of such bond. All bonding companies must be included on the Department of Treasury's Listing of Approved Sureties.

SECTION 9 ECONOMIC INCLUSION REQUIREMENTS

Section 9.1 LSDBE Utilization. The Department requires that Local, Small and Disadvantaged Business Enterprises ("LSDBEs") participate in this project to the greatest extent possible. Thirty-Five Percent (35%) of the Contract Work must be awarded to entities that are certified as Small Business Enterprises by the District of Columbia Department of Small and Local Business Development. The LSDBE certification shall be, in each case, as of the effective date of the subcontract. Supply agreements with material suppliers shall be counted toward meeting this goal. The Design-Builder has developed an LSDBE Utilization Plan that is attached hereto as **Exhibit D**. The Design-Builder shall comply with the terms of the LSDBE Utilization Plan in making purchases and administering its Subcontracts and Supply Agreements.

Section 9.2 First Source Employment Act. The Design-Builder shall comply with subchapter X of Chapter II of Title 2 of the D.C. Code, and all successor acts thereto, including but not limited to the Workforce Intermediary Establishment and Reform of First Source Amendment Act of 2011, and all successor acts thereto and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder. The Design-Builder and all member firms and Subcontractors shall execute a First Source Agreement with the District of Columbia Department of Employment Services ("DOES") prior to beginning Work at the Project site.

Section 9.3 Compliance with the Apprenticeship Act. The Design-Builder agrees to comply with the requirements of the Apprenticeship Act of 1946, D.C. Code §§ 32-1401, et seq. It is understood and agreed that thirty five percent (35%) of all apprentice hours for the Project must be District residents. If the Design-Builder or any of its subcontractors fail to use its best efforts to meet this goal, the Design-Builder or the subcontractor shall be subject to a penalty of five percent (5%) of the labor costs associated with the Contract, in accordance with D.C. Code § 32-1431 and implementing regulations.

Section 9.4 Workforce Utilization Plan. The Design-Builder shall comply with the requirements of the approved Workforce Utilization Plan attached as **Exhibit H**. At least Forty Percent (40%) of the percentage labor hours for the Project must be performed by District of Columbia residents (such requirement, the "Workforce Utilization Requirement"). If the Department determines that the Design-Builder has achieved the Workforce Utilization Requirement, the Design-Builder shall be entitled to an incentive payment equal to one half of one percent (½%) of the Lump Sum Price. The Department shall also pay each subcontractor an incentive payment equal to Ten Percent (10%) of the payroll that is paid by the subcontractor to District residents who are employed on the Project. These calculations would be based the

certified payrolls required to be submitted under the Davis Bacon Act as set forth in Section 11.4 of this Agreement.

SECTION 10 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- Section 10.1 Ownership And Use of Documents. The drawings, specifications and other documents prepared by the Design-Builder and its subconsultants, and copies thereof furnished to the Design-Builder, are for use solely with respect to this Project and shall become the property of the Department. They are not to be used by the Design-Builder, Subcontractors, Sub-subcontractors or suppliers on other projects, or for additions to this Project outside the scope of the Work, without the specific written consent of the Department and the Architect/Engineer.
- **Section 10.2** Governing Law. The Contract shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the District of Columbia, without regard to its conflict of laws principles.
- **Section 10.3** <u>Davis-Bacon Act Provision.</u> The Design-Builder agrees that the construction work performed under this Contract shall be subject to the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. §§ 276a-276a-7). The wage rates applicable to this Project are attached as <u>Exhibit G</u>. The Design-Builder further agrees that it and all of its subcontractors shall comply with the regulations implementing the Davis-Bacon Act and such regulations are hereby incorporated by reference.
- **Section 10.4** <u>False Claims Act.</u> The Design-Builder shall be governed by all laws and regulations prohibiting false or fraudulent statements and claims made to the government, including the prescriptions set forth in District of Columbia Code § 2-381.02.
- **Section 10.5** <u>No Third-Party Beneficiary Rights.</u> Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as creating third-party beneficiary rights in any person or entity, except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement.
- **Section 10.6** <u>Limitations.</u> The Design-Builder agrees that any statute of limitations applicable to any claim or suit by the Department arising from this Contract or its breach shall not begin to run, or shall be deemed to be tolled, until Final Completion or, with respect to latent defects or nonconformities, such later time as the Department knew or should have known of the defect or nonconformity.
- **Section 10.7** <u>Binding Effect; Assignment.</u> The Contract shall inure to the benefit of, and be binding upon and enforceable by, the Parties and their respective successors and permitted assigns. The Design-Builder shall not assign its rights under the Contract, including the right to all or a portion of its compensation, without the Department's prior written consent. Any delegation or assignment made contrary to the provisions of this Section shall be null and void.

Section 10.8 Warranties and Representations

Section 10.8.1 All disclosures, representations, warranties, and certifications the Design-Builder makes in its proposal in response to the RFP shall remain binding and in effect throughout the term of the Contract. The Design-Builder reaffirms that all such disclosures, representations, warranties, and certifications are true and correct.

Section 10.8.2 If any disclosure, representation, warranty or certification the Design-Builder has made or makes pursuant to the RFP or the Contract, including, without limitation, representations concerning the Design-Builder's construction or design experience and qualifications, claims or litigation history or financial condition, is materially inaccurate, that shall constitute a material breach of the Contract, entitling the Department to all available remedies.

Section 10.8.3 The terms and conditions of Section 11.9 shall apply throughout the term of this Agreement.

Section 10.9 Responsibility for Agents and Design-Builders. At all times and during both the Preconstruction and Construction Phases, the Design-Builder shall be responsible to the Department for any and all acts and omissions of the Design-Builder's agents, employees, Subcontractors, Sub-Subcontractors, material suppliers, and laborers and employees of the Subcontractors, Sub-Subcontractors, material suppliers, and laborers performing or supplying Work in connection with the Project. This Section 11.10 shall apply throughout the term of this Agreement.

Section 10.10 <u>Independent Contractor.</u> In carrying out all its obligations under the Agreement, the Design-Builder shall be acting as an independent contractor, and not as an employee or agent of the Department, or joint venturer or partner with the Department. The Design-Builder shall have exclusive authority to manage, direct, and control the Work, and shall be responsible for all construction means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures, as well as for Project safety.

Section 10.11 <u>Standard Contract Provisions.</u> The Department's Standard Contract Provisions, as amended, which are attached hereto as <u>Exhibit J</u>, are hereby incorporated by reference and made a part of this Agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have executed this Agreement as of the date first written below.

DEPAR	TMENT	OF	GENERAL	L SERVI	CES	, an
agency	within	the	executive	branch	of	the
Government of the District of Columbia						

By:	
Name:	

Title: Date:	
[SELE	CTED OFFEROR]
By: Name: Its:	

Exhibit A

Narrative Scope of Work and Schematic Design

Exhibit B

Schedule of Values

Exhibit C

Deliverable List

[to be developed]

Exhibit D

LSDBE Utilization

Exhibit E

List of Allowances

- 1. \$50,000 for WASA tap fees
- 2. \$50,000 for Pepco fees
- 3. \$50,000 for building permit fees

Exhibit F

Key Personnel

Exhibit G

Davis-Bacon Wage Rates

Exhibit H

Workforce Utilization Plan

Exhibit I

Design-Builder Representative

Exhibit J

DGS Standard Contract Provisions

District of Columbia Department of General Services Standard Contract Provisions

GENERAL PROVISIONS (Construction Contract)

ARTICLE 1. DEFINITIONS

- **A.** "Government" as used herein means the District of Columbia Department of General Services, (DGS) that is a party to a contract.
- **B.** "Executive" as used herein means the elected head of the Government as set forth in [Public Law 93-198 dated December 24, 1973, Title 4, Part B, Section 422(1)] (Or relevant local law).
- **C.** "Contracting Officer" as used herein means the Government official authorized to execute and administrate the Contract on behalf of the Government. Within DGS, the Director is the Chief Contracting Officer. The Director may make delegations of procurement authority to additional contracting officers within DGS.
- D. "Contract Documents" or "Contract" as used herein means Addenda, Contract Form, Standard Contract Provisions, Instructions to Bidders, General Provisions, Labor Provisions, Performance and Payment Bonds, Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Drawings, approved written Change Orders and Agreements required to acceptably complete the Contract, including authorized extensions thereof.

ARTICLE 2. SPECIFICATIONS AND DRAWINGS—The Contractor shall keep on the work site a copy of Contract drawings and specifications and shall at all times give the Contracting Officer access thereto. Anything mentioned in the specifications and not shown on the Contract drawings, or shown on the Contract drawings and not mentioned in the specifications, shall be of like effect as if shown or mentioned in both.

There shall be no change orders or equitable adjustments for work related to items appearing in either the Contract drawing or specifications.

All Contract requirements are equally binding. Each Contract requirement, whether or not omitted elsewhere in the Contract, is binding as though occurring in any or all parts of the Contract. In case of discrepancy:

- 1. The Contracting Officer shall be promptly notified in writing of any error, discrepancy or omission, apparent or otherwise.
- **2.** Applicable Federal, State, and Municipal Code requirements have priority over: the Contract form, General Provisions, Change Orders, Addenda, Contract drawings, Special Provisions and Specifications.
- **3.** The Contract form, Standard Contract Provisions, General Provisions and Labor Provisions have priority over: Change Orders, Addenda, Contract drawings, Special Provisions and Specifications.
- 4. Change Orders have priority over: Addenda, Contract drawings and Specifications.
- **5.** Addenda have priority over: Contract drawings, Special Provisions and Specifications. A later dated Addendum has priority over earlier dated Addenda.
- 6. Special Provisions have priority over: Contract drawings and other specifications.

- 7. Shown and indicated dimensions have priority over scaled dimensions.
- 8. Original scale drawings and details have priority over any other different scale drawings and details.
- 9. Large scale drawings and details have priority over small scale drawings and details.
- 10. Any adjustment by the Contractor without a prior determination by the Contracting Officer shall be at his own risk and expense. The Contracting Officer will furnish from time to time such detail drawings and other information as he may consider necessary, unless otherwise provided.

ARTICLE 3. CHANGES

- A. **DESIGNATED CHANGE ORDERS**—The Contracting Officer may, at any time, without notice to the sureties, by written order designated or indicated to be a change order, make any change in the work within the general scope of the Contract, including but not limited to changes
 - 1. In the Contract drawings and specifications;
 - 2. In the method or manner of performance of the work;
 - 3. In the Government furnished facilities, equipment, materials or services; or
 - **4.** Directing acceleration in the performance of the work.

Nothing provided in this Article shall excuse the Contractor from proceeding with the prosecution of the work so changed.

- **B.** OTHER CHANGE ORDERS—Any other written order or an oral order (which term as used in this Section (B) shall include direction, instruction, interpretation, or determination) from the Contracting Officer which causes any such change, shall be treated as a Change Order under this Article, provided that the Contractor gives the Contracting Officer written notice stating the date, circumstances and sources of the order and that the Contractor regards the order as a Change Order.
- C. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS—Except as herein provided, no order, statement or conduct of the Contracting Officer shall be treated as a change under this Article or entitle the Contractor to an equitable adjustment hereunder. If any change under this Article causes an increase or decrease in the Contractor's cost of, or the time required for, the performance of any part of the work under this Contract whether or not changed by any order, an equitable adjustment shall be made and the Contract modified in writing accordingly; provided, however, that except for claims based on defective specifications, no claim for any change under (B) above shall be allowed for any cost incurred more than 20 days before the Contractor gives written notice as therein required unless this 20 days is extended by the Contracting Officer and provided further, that in case of defective drawings and specifications, the equitable adjustment shall include any increased cost reasonably incurred by the Contractor in attempting to comply with such defective drawings and specifications.

If the Contractor intends to assert a claim for an equitable adjustment under this Article, he must, within 30 days after receipt of a written Change Order under (A) above or the furnishing of a written notice under (B) above, submit to the Contracting Officer a written statement setting forth the general nature and monetary extent of such claim, unless this period is extended by the Contracting Officer. The statement of claim hereunder may be included in the notice under (B) above.

With respect to the notification requirements hereunder, time is of the essence. A failure to provide timely notice constitutes waiver of the claim. No claim by the Contractor for an equitable adjustment hereunder shall be allowed if asserted after final payment under the Contract.

D. CHANGE ORDER BREAKDOWN—Contract prices shall be used for Change Order work where work is of similar nature; no other costs, overhead or profit will be allowed.

Where Contract prices are not appropriate and the nature of the change is known in advance of construction, the parties shall attempt to agree on a fully justifiable price adjustment and/or adjustment of completion time.

When Contract prices are not appropriate, or the parties fail to agree on equitable adjustment, or in processing claims, equitable adjustment for Change Order work shall be per this Article and Article 4 and shall be based upon the breakdown shown in following subsections 1. through 7. The Contractor shall assemble a complete cost breakdown that lists and substantiates each item of work and each item of cost.

- 1. Labor—Payment will be made for direct labor cost plus indirect labor cost such as insurance, taxes, fringe benefits and welfare provided such costs are considered reasonable. Indirect costs shall be itemized and verified by receipted invoices. If verification is not possible, up to 18 percent of direct labor costs may be allowed. In addition, up to 20 percent of direct plus indirect labor costs may be allowed for overhead and profit.
- 2. Bond—Payment for additional bond cost will be made per bond rate schedule submitted to the Office of Contracting and Procurement with the executed Contract.
- **3. Materials**—Payment for cost of required materials will be F.O.B. destination (the job site) with an allowance for overhead and profit.
- 4. Rented Equipment—Payment for required equipment rented from an outside company that is neither an affiliate of, nor a subsidiary of, the Contractor will be based on receipted invoices which shall not exceed rates given in the current edition of the Rental Rate Blue Book for Construction Equipment published by Data Quest. If actual rental rates exceed manual rates, written justification shall be furnished to the Contracting Officer for consideration. No additional allowance will be made for overhead and profit. The Contractor shall submit written certification to the Contracting Officer that any required rented equipment is neither owned by nor rented from the Contractor or an affiliate of or subsidiary of the Contractor.
- 5. Contractor's Equipment— Payment for required equipment owned by the Contractor or an affiliate of the Contractor will be based solely on an hourly rate derived by dividing the current appropriate monthly rate by 176 hours. No payment will be made under any circumstances for repair costs, freight and transportation charges, fuel, lubricants, insurance, any other costs and expenses, or overhead and profit. Payment for such equipment made idle by delays attributable to the Government will be based on one-half the derived hourly rate under this subsection.
- **6. Miscellaneous**—No additional allowance will be made for general superintendence, use of small tools and other costs for which no specific allowance is herein provided.

7. **Subcontract Work**—Payment for additional necessary subcontract work will be based on applicable procedures in 1. through 6., to which total additional subcontract work up to an additional 10 percent may be allowed for the Contractor's overhead and profit.

ARTICLE 4. EQUITABLE ADJUSTMENT OF CONTRACT TERMS

The Contractor is entitled to an equitable adjustment of the contract terms whenever the following situations develop:

A. DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS:

- 1. During the progress of the work, if subsurface or latent physical conditions are encountered at the site differing materially from those indicated in the contract or if unknown physical conditions of an unusual nature, differing materially from those ordinarily encountered and generally recognized as inherent in the work provided for in the contract, are encountered at the site, the Contractor, upon discovering such conditions, shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer in writing of the specific differing conditions before they are disturbed and before the affected work is performed.
- 2. Upon written notification, the Contracting Officer will investigate the conditions, and if he/she determines that the conditions materially differ and cause an increase or decrease in the cost or time required for the performance of any work under the contract, an adjustment, excluding loss of anticipated profits, will be made and the contract modified in writing accordingly. The Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor of his/her determination whether or not an adjustment of the contract is warranted.
- 3. No contract adjustment which results in a benefit to the Contractor will be allowed unless the Contractor has provided the required written notice; a failure to notify the Contracting Officer of the changed conditions prior to work being disturbed by said conditions shall constitute a permanent waiver of all right to compensation related to the changed conditions by the Contractor.
- **4.** No contract adjustment will be allowed under this clause for any effects caused on unchanged work.

B. SUSPENSION OF WORK ORDERED BY THE CONTRACTING OFFICER:

- 1. If the performance of all or any portion of the work is suspended or delayed by the Contracting Officer in writing for an unreasonable period of time (not originally anticipated, customary, or inherent to the construction industry) and the Contractor believes that additional compensation and/or contract time is due as a result of such suspension or delay, the Contractor shall submit to the Contracting Officer in writing a request for equitable adjustment within seven (7) calendar days of receipt of the notice to resume work. The request shall set forth the reasons and support for such adjustment.
- 2. Upon receipt, the Contracting Officer will evaluate the Contractor's request. If the Contracting Officer agrees that the cost and/or time required for the performance of the contract has increased as a result of such suspension and the suspension was caused by conditions beyond the control or and not the fault of the contractor, its suppliers, or subcontractors at any approved tier, and not caused by weather, the Contracting Officer will make an adjustment (excluding profit) and modify the contract in writing accordingly. The Contracting Officer will notify the Contract of his/her determination whether or not an adjustment of the contract is warranted.
- 3. No contract adjustment will be allowed unless the Contractor has submitted the request for adjustment within the time prescribed; a failure to submit a request for adjustment in the time

- prescribed shall constitute waiver of all right to compensation related to the suspension of work by the Contractor.
- **4.** No contract adjustment will be allowed under this clause to the extent that performance would have been suspended or delayed by any other cause, or for which an adjustment is provided for or excluded under any other term of condition of this contract.

C. SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE CHARACTER OF WORK:

- 1. The Contracting Officer reserves the right to make, in writing, at any time during the work, such changes in quantities and such alterations in the work as are necessary to satisfactorily complete the project. Such changes in quantities and alterations shall not invalidate the contract nor release the surety, and the Contractor agrees to perform the work as altered.
- 2. If the alterations or changes in quantities significantly change the character of the work under the contract, whether or not changed by any such different quantities or alterations, an adjustment, excluding loss of anticipated profits, will be made to the contract. The basis for the adjustment shall be agreed upon prior to the performance of the work. If a basis cannot be agreed upon, then an adjustment will be made either for or against the Contractor in such amount as the Contracting Officer may determine to be fair and reasonable.
- If the alterations or changes in quantities significantly change the character of the work to be performed under the contract, the altered work will be paid for as provided elsewhere in the contract.
- **4.** The term "significant change" shall be construed to apply only to the following circumstances:
 - **a.** When the character of the work as altered differs materially in kind or nature from that involved or included in the original proposed construction; or
 - **b.** When an item of work is increased in excess of 125 percent or decreased below 75 percent of the original contract quantity. Any allowance for an increase in quantity shall apply only to that portion in excess of 125 percent of original contract item quantity, or in the case of a decrease below 75 percent, to the actual amount of work performed.

ARTICLE 5. TERMINATION

TERMINATION GENERALLY-Termination, whether for default or convenience, is not a Government claim. The Contracting Officer may terminate a contract for default, in whole or in part, if the termination is in the best interests of the Government, and the Contractor does any of the following:

- (a) Fails to deliver the goods or complete the work or services within the time specified in the contract or any modification;
- (b) Fails to make sufficient progress on contract performance so as to endanger performance of the contract within the time specified or in the manner specified in the contract;
- (c) Fails or refuses to go forward with the work in accordance with the direction of the Contracting Officer;
- (d) Expresses through word or conduct an intention not to complete the work in accordance with the directions of the Contracting Officer:
- (e) Fails to perform any of the other provisions of the contract;
- (f) Materially deviates from the representations and capabilities set forth in the Contractor's response to the solicitation.

A termination for default is a final decision of a Contracting Officer. In order to contest a termination for default, the Contractor must submit a certified request to convert the termination for default to a termination for convenience with all documents supporting such conversion and comply with all contract

provisions and laws relating to terminations for convenience, including the submission of a certified termination for convenience settlement proposal. The submission of the certified request for conversion to a termination for convenience and certified termination settlement proposal to the Contracting Officer must occur prior to 90 days from the date of the Contracting Officer's final decision.

DELAYS—If the Contractor refuses or fails to prosecute the work, or any separable part thereof, with such diligence as will insure its completion within the time specified in the Contract, or any extension thereof, or fails to complete said work within specified time, the Government may, by written notice to the Contractor, terminate his right to proceed with the work or such part of the work involving the delay. In such event the Government may take over the work and prosecute the same to completion, by contract or otherwise, and may take possession of and utilize in completing the work such materials, appliances, and plant as may have been paid for by the Government or may be on the site of the work and necessary therefore. Whether or not the Contractor's right to proceed with the work is terminated, he and his sureties shall be liable for any liability to the Government resulting from his refusal or failure to complete the work within the specified time.

If fixed and agreed liquidated damages are provided in the Contract and if the Government does not so terminate the Contractor's right to proceed, the resulting damage will consist of such liquidated damages until the work is completed and accepted.

The Contractor's right to proceed shall not be so terminated nor the Contractor charged with resulting damage if:

- 1. The delay in the completion the work arises from unforeseeable causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor, including but not restricted to acts of God, acts of the public enemy, acts of the Government in either its sovereign or contractual capacity, acts of another contractor in the performance of a contract with the Government, fires, floods, epidemics, quarantine restrictions, strikes, freight embargoes, climatic conditions beyond the normal which could be anticipated, or delays of subcontractors or suppliers arising from unforeseeable causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of both the Contractor and such subcontractors or suppliers (the term subcontractors or suppliers shall mean subcontractors or suppliers at any tier); and
- 2. The Contractor, within 72 hours from the beginning of any such delay, (unless the Contracting Officer grants a further period of time before the date of final payment under the Contract) notifies the Contracting Officer in writing of the causes of delay.

The Contracting Officer shall ascertain the facts and the extent of the delay and extend the time far completing the work when, in his judgment, the findings of fact justify such an extension, and his findings of fact shall be final and conclusive on the parties, subject only to appeal as provided in Article 7 herein.

If, after notice of termination of the Contractor's right to proceed under the provisions of this Article, it is determined for any reason that the Contractor was not in default under the provisions of this Article, or that the delay was excusable under the provisions of this Article, the rights and obligations of the parties shall be in accordance with Article 6 herein. Failure to agree to any such adjustment shall be a dispute concerning a question of fact within the meaning of Article 7 herein.

The rights and remedies of the Government provided in this Article are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law or under the Contract.

The Government may, by written notice, terminate the Contract or a portion thereof as a result of an Executive Order of the President of the United States with respect to the prosecution of war or in the interest of national defense. When the Contract is so terminated, no claim for loss of anticipated profits will be permitted.

ARTICLE 6. TERMINATION FOR CONVENIENCE OF THE GOVERNMENT

- **A.** The performance of work under the Contract may be terminated by the Government in accordance with this Article in whole, or in part, whenever the Contracting Officer shall determine that such termination is in the best interest of the Government. Any such termination shall be effected by delivery to the Contractor of a Notice of Termination specifying the extent to which performance of work under the Contract is terminated, and the date upon which such termination becomes effective.
- **B.** After receipt of a Notice of Termination, and except as otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall:
 - 1. Stop work under the Contract on the date and to the extent specified in the Notice of Termination.
 - Place no further orders or subcontracts for materials, services, or facilities except as may be necessary for completion of such portion of the work under the Contract as is not terminated.
 - **3.** Terminate all orders and subcontracts to the extent that they relate to the performance of work terminated by the Notice of Termination.
 - 4. Assign to the Government, in the manner, at the times, and to the extent directed by the Contracting Officer, all of the right, title and interest of the Contractor under the orders and subcontracts so terminated, in which case the Government shall have the right, in its discretion, to settle or pay any or all claims arising out of the termination of such orders and subcontracts.
 - **5.** Settle all outstanding liabilities and all claims arising out of such termination of orders or subcontracts, with the approval or ratification of the Contracting Officer to the extent he may require, which approval or ratification shall be final for all purposes of this Article.
 - **6.** Transfer title to the Government and deliver in the manner, at the times, and to the extent, if any, directed by the Contracting Officer
 - **a.** The fabricated or unfabricated parts, work in progress, completed work, supplies, and other material procured as a part of, or acquired in connection with, the performance of the work terminated by the Notice of Termination, and
 - **b.** The completed, or partially completed plans, drawings information and other property which, if the Contract bad been completed, would have been required to be furnished to the Government.
 - **7.** Use his best efforts to sell, in the manner, at the terms, to the extent, and at the price or prices directed or authorized by the Contracting Officer, any property of the types referred to in 6 above provided, however, that the Contractor:
 - **a.** Shall not be required to extend credit to any purchaser, and
 - **b.** May acquire any property under the conditions prescribed and at a price or prices approved by the Contracting Officer, and
 - **c.** Provided further, that the proceeds of any such transfer or disposition shall be applied in reduction of any payments to be made by the Government to the Contractor under the Contract or shall otherwise be credited to the price or cost of the work covered by the Contract or paid in such other manner as the Contracting Officer may direct.

- **8.** Complete performance of such part of the work as shall not have been terminated by the Notice of Termination.
- **9.** Take such action as may be necessary, or as the Contracting Officer may direct, for the protection and preservation of the property related to the Contract which is in the possession of the Contractor and in which the Government has or may acquire an interest.
- **10.** The Contractor shall proceed immediately with the performance of the above obligations notwithstanding any delay in determining or adjusting the cost, or any item of reimbursable cost, under this Article.
- 11. "Plant clearance period" means, for each particular property classification (such as raw materials, purchased parts and work in progress) at any one plant or location, a period beginning with the effective date of the termination for convenience and ending 90 days after receipt by the Contracting Officer of acceptable inventory schedules covering all items of that particular property classification in the termination inventory at that plant or location, or ending on such later date as may be agreed to by the Contracting Officer and the Contractor. Final phase of a plant clearance period means that part of a plant clearance period which occurs alter the receipt of acceptable inventory schedules covering all items of the particular property classification at the plant or location.

At any time after expiration of the plant clearance period, as defined above, the Contractor may submit to the Contracting Officer a list, certified as to quantity and quality, of any or all items of termination inventory not previously disposed of, exclusive of items the disposition of which has been directed or authorized by the Contracting Officer, and may request the Government to remove such items or enter into a storage agreement covering them. Not later than 15 days thereafter, the Government will accept title to such items and remove them or enter into a storage agreement covering the same; provided, that the list submitted shall be subject to verification by the Contracting Officer upon removal of the items or, if the items are stored, within 45 days from the date of submission of the list, and any necessary adjustments to correct the list as submitted, shall be made prior to final settlement.

- C. After receipt of a Notice of Termination, the Contractor shall submit to the Contracting Officer his termination claim, in the form with the certification prescribed by the Contracting Officer. Such claim shall be submitted promptly but in no event later than 90 days from the effective date of termination, unless one or more extensions in writing are granted by the Contracting Officer upon request of the Contractor made in writing within such 90 day period or authorized extension thereof. In the event the Contractor was terminated for default and it asserts that it is entitled to a termination for convenience, its certified request for the conversion of the default termination to one for convenience and its certified termination settlement proposal must be submitted to the Contracting Officer prior to the expiration of 90 days from the date of the default termination. With respect to a termination for convenience, if the Contracting Officer determines that the facts justify such action, he may receive and act upon any such termination claim at any time after such 90 day period or extension thereof. Nothing herein shall be construed to extend the time for the submission of a claim hereunder for a defaulted Contractor beyond 90 days from the date of the default termination. Upon failure of the Contractor to submit his termination claim within the time allowed, the Contracting Officer may, subject to any review required by the Government's procedures in effect as of the date of execution of the Contract, determine, on the basis of information available to him, the amount, if any, due to the Contractor by reason of the termination and shall thereupon pay to the Contractor the amount so determined.
- **D.** Subject to the provisions of C above, and subject to any review required by the Government's procedures in effect as of the date of execution of the Contract, the Contractor and Contracting

Officer may agree upon the whole or any part of the amount or amounts to be paid to the Contractor by reason of the total or partial termination of work pursuant to this Article, which amount or amounts may include a reasonable allowance for profit on work done; provided, that such agreed amount or amounts, exclusive of settlement costs, shall not exceed the total Contract price as reduced by the amount of payments otherwise made and as further reduced by the Contract price of work not terminated. The Contract shall be amended accordingly, and the Contractor shall be paid the agreed amount. Nothing in E below prescribing the amount to be paid to the Contractor in the event of failure of the Contractor and the Contracting Officer to agree upon the whole amount to be paid to the Contractor by reason of the termination of work pursuant to this Article, shall be deemed to limit, restrict or otherwise determine or effect the amount or amounts which may be agreed upon to be paid to the Contractor pursuant to this paragraph.

- E. In the event of the failure of the Contractor and the Contracting Officer to agree as provided in D above upon the whole amount to be paid to the Contractor by reason of the termination of work pursuant to this Article, the Contracting Officer shall, subject to any review required by the Government's procedures in effect as of the date of execution of the Contract, determine, on the basis of information available to him, the amount, if any, due the Contractor by reason of the termination and shall pay to the Contractor the amounts determined by the Contracting Officer, as follows, but without duplication of any amounts agreed upon in accordance with D above:
 - **1.** With respect to all Contract work performed prior to the effective date of the Notice of Termination, the total (without duplication of any items) of:
 - a. The cost of such work;
 - b. The cost of settling and paying claims arising out of the termination of work under subcontracts or orders as provided in B 5. above, exclusive of the amounts paid or payable on account of supplies or materials delivered or services furnished by the subcontractor prior to the effective date of the Notice of Termination of work under the Contract, which amounts shall be included in the cost on account of which payment is made under E1.a. above; and
 - C. A sum, as profit on E.1.a. above, determined by the Contracting Officer to be fair and reasonable; provided however, that if it appears that the Contractor would have sustained a loss on the entire Contract had it been completed, no profit shall be included or allowed under this subparagraph and an appropriate adjustment shall be made reducing the amount of the settlement to reflect the indicated rate of loss; and provided further that profit shall be allowed only on preparations made and work done by the Contractor for the terminated portion of the Contract but may not be allowed on the Contractor's settlement expenses. Anticipatory profits and consequential damages will not be allowed. Any reasonable method may be used to arrive at a fair profit, separately or as part of the whole settlement.
 - 2. The reasonable cost of the preservation and protection of property incurred pursuant to B.9; and any other reasonable cost incidental to termination of work under the Contract including expense incidental to the determination of the amount due to the Contractor as the result of the termination of work under the Contract.
 - **F.** The total sum to be paid to me Contractor under E.1. above shall not exceed the total Contract price as reduced by the amount of payments otherwise made and as further

reduced by the Contract price of work not terminated. Except for normal spoilage, and except to the extent that the Government shall have otherwise expressly assumed the risk of loss, there shall be excluded from the amounts payable to the Contractor under E.1. above, the fair value, as determined by the Contracting Officer, of property which is destroyed, lost, stolen or damaged so as to become undeliverable to the Government, or to a buyer pursuant to B.7 above.

- **G.** The Contractor shall have the right of appeal, under Article 7 herein, from any determination made by the Contracting Officer under C. or E. above, except that, if the Contractor has failed to submit his claim within the time provided in C above and has failed to request extension of such time, he shall have no such right of appeal. In any case where the Contracting Officer has made a determination of the amount due under C. or E. above, the Government shall pay to the Contractor the following:
 - **1.** If there is no right of appeal hereunder or if no timely appeal has been taken, the amount so determined by the Contracting Officer, or
 - 2. If an appeal had been taken, the amount finally determined on such appeal.
- H. In arriving at the amount due the Contractor under this Article there shall be deducted:
 - **1.** all unliquidated advance or other payments on account theretofore made to the Contractor, applicable to the terminated portion of the Contract;
 - any claim which the Government may have against the Contractor in connection with the Contract; and
 - 3. the agreed price for, or the proceeds of sale of, any materials, supplies or other things kept by the Contractor or sold, pursuant to the provisions of this Article and not otherwise recovered by or credited to the Government.
- I. If the termination hereunder be partial, prior to the settlement of the terminated portion of the Contract, the Contractor may file with the Contracting Officer a request in writing for an equitable adjustment of the price or prices specified in the Contract relating to the continued portion of the Contract (the portion not terminated by the Notice of Termination), and such equitable adjustment as may be agreed upon shall be made at such price or prices; however, nothing contained herein shall limit the right of the Government and the Contractor to agree upon the amount or amounts to be paid to the Contractor for the completion of the continued portion of the Contract when said Contract does not contain an established Contract price for such continued portion.
- J. The Government may from time to time, under such terms and conditions as it may prescribe, make partial payments against costs incurred by the Contractor in connection with the terminated portion of the Contract whenever in the opinion of the Contracting Officer the aggregate of such payments shall be within the amount to which the Contractor will be entitled hereunder. If the total of such payments is in excess of the amount finally agreed or determined to be due under this Article, such excess Shall be payable by the Contractor to the Government upon demand, together with interest computed at the rate of 6 percent per annum for the period from the date such excess is received by the Contractor to the date on which such excess is repaid to the Government; provided however, that no interest shall be charged with respect to any such excess payment attributable to a reduction in the Contractor's claim by reason of retention or other disposition of termination inventory until ten days after the date of such retention or disposition, or such later date as determined by the Contracting Officer by reason of the circumstances.

K. Unless otherwise provided in the Contract or by applicable statute, the Contractor, from the effective date of termination and for a period of three years after final settlement under the Contract, shall preserve and make available to the Government at all reasonable times at the office of the Contractor, but without direct charge to the Government, all his books, records, documents and other evidence bearing on the costs and expenses of the Contractor under the Contract and relating to the work terminated hereunder, or, to the extent approved by the Contracting Officer, photographs and other authentic reproductions thereof.

ARTICLE 7. DISPUTES

- A. All disputes arising under or relating to this contract shall be resolved as provided herein.
- B. Claims by a Contractor against the Government.
- (1) Claim, as used in Section B of this clause, means a written assertion by the Contractor seeking, as a matter of right, the payment of money in a sum certain, the adjustment or interpretation of contract terms, or other relief arising under or relating to this contract. A claim arising under a contract, unlike a claim relating to that contract, is a claim that can be resolved under a contract clause that provides for the relief sought by the claimant.
 - (a) All claims by a Contractor against the Government arising under or relating to a contract shall be in writing and shall be submitted to the Contracting Officer for a decision.
 - (b) Within 120 days after receipt of a claim, the Contracting Officer shall issue a decision, whenever possible taking into account factors such as the size and complexity of the claim and the adequacy of the information in support of the claim provided by the Contractor.
 - (c) Any failure by the Contracting Officer to issue a decision on a contract claim within the required time period shall be deemed to be a denial of the claim and shall authorize the commencement of an appeal on the claim as otherwise provided.
 - (d) (1) If a Contractor is unable to support any part of his or her claim and it is determined that the inability is attributable to a material misrepresentation of fact or fraud on the part of the Contractor, the Contractor shall be liable to the Government for an amount equal to the unsupported part of the claim in addition to all costs to the Government attributable to the cost of reviewing that part of the Contractor's claim.
 - (2) Liability under this section shall be determined within 6 years of the commission of the misrepresentation of fact or fraud.
 - (e) All cost data, pricing data, and task data of claims hereunder must be certified as accurate, complete, required, and necessary to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief. Further, all task or work data in the claim must be described therein to the smallest unit of work or task. The Contracting Officer may require any additional certifications, descriptions or explanations of the claim.
 - (f) The parties agree that time is of the essence and all claims hereunder must be presented to the Contracting Officer for a final decision within thirty (30) days of the occurrence of the circumstances giving rise to such claim or within thirty (30) days of when the Contractor knew or should have known of the circumstances giving rise to such claim, otherwise compensation for that claim is waived.
 - (g) The parties agree that there shall be no claims for unabsorbed home office overhead.
- (2) The Contractor's claim shall contain at least the following:
- (a) A description of the claim and the amount in dispute;
- (b) Any data or other information in support of the claim;
- (c) A brief description of the Contractor's efforts to resolve the dispute prior to filing the claim; and
- (d) The Contractor's request for relief or other action by the Contracting Officer.
- (e) The certification of the accuracy, completeness, requirement, and necessity of all aspects of the claim.
- (3) The decision of the Contracting Officer shall be final and not subject to review unless an administrative appeal or action for judicial review is timely commenced by the Contractor.
- (4) Pending final decision of an appeal, action, or final settlement, a Contractor shall proceed diligently with performance of the contract in accordance with the decision of the Contracting Officer. C. Claims by the Government against a Contractor

- (a) Claim as used in Section C of this clause, means a written demand or written assertion by the Government, including the Contracting Officer, seeking, as a matter of right, the payment of money in a sum certain, the adjustment of contract terms, or other relief arising under or relating to this contract. A claim arising under a contract, unlike a claim relating to that contract, is a claim that can be resolved under a contract clause that provides for the relief sought by the claimant. Nothing herein shall be construed to require the Government to notify the Contractor prior to the issuance of the Contracting Officer's final decision.
- (b) (1) All claims by the Government against a Contractor arising under or relating to a contract shall be decided by the Contracting Officer, who shall issue a decision in writing and furnish a copy of the decision to the Contractor.
- (2) The decision shall be supported by reasons and shall inform the Contractor of his or her rights. Specific findings of fact shall not be required.
- (3) This clause shall not authorize the Contracting Officer to settle, compromise, pay, or otherwise adjust any claim involving fraud.
- (4) The decision of the Contracting Officer shall be final and not subject to review unless an administrative appeal or action for judicial review is timely commenced by the Contractor.
- (5) Pending final decision of an appeal, action, or final settlement, the Contractor shall proceed diligently with performance of the contract in accordance with the decision of the Contracting Officer.

ARTICLE 8. PAYMENTS TO CONTRACTOR—The Government will pay the contract price or prices as hereinafter provided in accordance with Government regulations.

The Government will make progress payments monthly as the work proceeds, or at more frequent intervals as determined by the Contracting Officer, on estimates approved by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall furnish a breakdown of the total Contract price showing the amount included therein for each principal category of the work, in such detail as requested, to provide a basis for determining progress payments. In the preparation of estimates the Contracting Officer, at his discretion, may authorize material delivered on the site and preparatory work done to be taken into consideration. Material delivered to the Contractor at locations other than the site may also be taken into consideration:

- 1. If such consideration is specifically authorized by the Contract;
- 2. If the Contractor furnishes satisfactory evidence that he has acquired title to such material, that it meets Contract requirements and that it will be utilized on the work covered by the Contract; and
- **3.** If the Contractor furnishes to the Contracting Officer an itemized list.

The Contracting Officer at his/her discretion shall cause to be with held retention in an amount sufficient to protect the interest of the Government. The amount shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the partial payment. However, if the Contracting Officer, at any time after 50 percent of the work has been completed, finds that satisfactory progress is being made, he may authorize any of the remaining progress payments to be made in full or may retain from such remaining partial payments less than 10 percent thereof. Also, whenever work is substantially complete, the Contracting Officer, if he considers the amount retained to be in excess of the amount adequate for the protection of the Government, at his discretion, may release to the Contractor all or a portion of such excess amount. Furthermore, on completion and acceptance of each separate building, public work, or other division of the Contract, on which the price is stated separately in the Contract, payment may be made therefore without retention of a percentage, less authorized deductions.

All material and work covered by progress payments made shall thereupon become the sole property of the Government, but this provision shall not be construed as relieving the Contractor from the sole responsibility for all material and work upon which payments have been made or the restoration of any damaged work, or as waiving the right of the Government to require the fulfillment of all of the terms of the Contract.

Upon completion and acceptance of all work, the amount due the Contractor under the Contract shall be paid upon presentation at a properly executed voucher and after the Contractor shall have furnished the Government with a release, if required, of all claims against the Government arising by virtue of the Contract, other than claims in stated amounts as may be specifically excepted by the Contractor from the operation of the release.

ARTICLE 9. TRANSFER OR ASSIGNMENT—Unless otherwise provided by law, neither the Contract nor any interest therein may be transferred or assigned by the Contractor to any other party without the written consent of the Contracting Officer nor without the written acceptance by the surety on the performance and payment bond securing the Contract of the assignee as the Contractor and the principal on such bond; and any attempted transfer or assignment not authorized by this Article shall constitute a breach of the Contract and the Government may for such cause terminate the right of the Contractor to proceed in the same manner as provided in Article 5 herein, and the Contractor and his sureties shall be liable to the Government for any excess cost occasioned the Government thereby.

ARTICLE 10. MATERIAL AND WORKMANSHIP

- A. GENERAL—Unless otherwise specifically provided in the Contract, all equipment, material and articles incorporated in the work covered by the Contract shall be new and of the most suitable grade for the purpose intended. Unless otherwise specifically provided in the Contract, reference to any equipment, material, article or patented process, by trade name, make or catalog number, shall be regarded as establishing a standard of quality and shall not be construed as limiting competition., and the Contractor may use any equipment, material, article or process which, in the judgment of the Contracting Officer, is equivalent to that named unless otherwise specified. The Contractor shall furnish to the Contracting Officer for his approval the name of the manufacturer, the model number, and other identifying data and information respecting the performance, capacity, nature and rating of the mechanical and other equipment which the Contractor contemplates incorporating in the work. Machinery and equipment shall be in proper condition. When required by the Contract or when called for by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall furnish to the Contracting Officer for approval full information concerning the material or articles which he contemplates incorporating in the work. When so directed, samples shall be submitted for approval at the Contractor's expense, with all shipping charges prepaid. Machinery, equipment, material, and articles installed or used without required approval shall be at the risk of subsequent rejection and subject to satisfactory replacement at Contractor's expense.
- **B. SURPLUS MATERIALS USE**—Whenever specified in the Contract or authorized by the Contracting Officer that materials become the property of the Contractor, which by reference or otherwise shall include disposal of materials, it is understood that the Contractor accepts such materials "as is" with no further expense or liability to the Government. If such material specified in the Contract will have a potential or real interest of value, the Contractor shall make allowance in the Contract to show such value.
- C. GOVERNMENT MATERIAL—No materials furnished by the Government shall be applied to any other use, public or private, than that for which they are issued to the Contractor. The full amount of the cost to the Government of all materials furnished by the Government to the Contractor and for which no charge is made, which are not accounted for by the Contractor to the satisfaction of the Contracting Officer, will be charged against the Contractor and his sureties and may be deducted from any monies due the Contractor, and this charge shall be in addition to and not in lieu of any other liabilities of the Contractor whether civil or criminal. Materials furnished by the Government for which a charge is made at a rate mentioned in the specifications will be delivered to the Contractor upon proper requisitions therefore and will be charged to his account.
- D. Plant —The Contractor shall at all times employ sufficient tools and equipment for prosecuting the various classes of work to full completion in the manner and time required. The Contractor shall at all times perform work in sufficient light and shall provide proper illumination, including

lighting required for night work as directed, as a Contract requirement. All equipment, tools, formwork and staging used on the project shall be of sufficient size and in proper mechanical and safe condition to meet work requirements, to produce satisfactory work quality and to prevent injury to persons, the project or adjacent property. When methods and equipment are not prescribed in the Contract, the Contractor is free to use tools, methods and equipment that he satisfactorily demonstrates will accomplish the work in conformity with Contract requirements.

If the Contractor desires to use a method or type of tool or equipment other than specified in the Contract, he shall request approval to do so; the request shall be in writing and shall include a full description of proposed methods, tools and equipment and reason for the change or substitution. Approval of substitutions and changed methods will be on condition that the Contractor will be fully responsible for producing work meeting Contract requirements. If after trial use of the substituted methods, tools and equipment, the Contracting Officer determines that work produced does not meet Contract requirements, the Contractor shall complete remaining work with specified methods, tools and equipment.

- E. CAPABILITY OF WORKERS- All work under the Contract shall be performed in a skillful and workmanlike manner. The Contracting Officer may require the Contractor to remove from the work any such employees as the Contracting Officer deems incompetent, careless, insubordinate, or otherwise objectionable, or whose continued employment on the work is deemed by the Contracting Officer to be contrary to the public interest. Such request will be in writing:
- **F. CONFORMITY OF WORK AND MATERIALS**—All work performed and materials and products furnished shall be in conformity, within indicated tolerances, with lines, grades, cross sections, details, dimensions, material and construction requirements shown or intended by the drawings arid specifications.

When materials, products or work cannot be corrected, written notice of rejection will be issued. Rejected materials, products and work shall be eliminated from the project and acceptably replaced at Contractor's expense. The Contracting Officer's failure to reject any portion of the project shall not constitute implied acceptance nor in any way release the Contractor from Contract requirements.

G. UNAUTHORIZED WORK AND MATERIALS—Work performed or materials ordered or furnished for the project deviating from requirements and specifications without written authority, will be considered unauthorized and at Contractor's expense. The Government is not obligated to pay for unauthorized work. Unauthorized work and materials may be ordered removed and replaced at Contractor's expense.

ARTICLE 11. INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE—Except as otherwise provided in the Contract, inspection and test by the Government of material and workmanship required by the Contract shall be made at reasonable times and at the site of the work, unless the Contracting Officer determines that such inspection or test of material which is to be incorporated in the work shall be made at the place of production, manufacture or shipment of such material. To the extent specified by the Contracting Officer at the time of determining to make off-site inspection or test, such inspection or test shall be conclusive as to whether the material involved conforms to Contract requirements. Such off-site inspection or test shall not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for damage to or loss of the material prior to acceptance, nor in any way affect the continuing rights of the Government after acceptance of the completed work under the terms of the last paragraph of this Article, except as herein above provided.

The Contractor shall, without charge, replace any material and correct any workmanship found by the Government not to conform to Contract requirements and specifications, unless in the public interest the Government consents to accept such material or workmanship with an appropriate adjustment in Contract price. The Contractor shall promptly segregate and remove rejected material from the premises at Contractor's expense.

If the Contractor does not promptly replace rejected material or correct rejected workmanship, the Government:

- 1. May, by contract or otherwise, replace such material and correct such workmanship and charge the cost thereof to the Contractor, or
- **2.** May terminate the Contractor's right to proceed in accordance with Article 5 herein.

The Contractor shall furnish promptly, without additional cost to the Government, all facilities, labor and material reasonably needed for performing such safe and convenient inspection and test as may be required by the Contracting Officer. All inspections and tests by the Government shall be performed in such manner as not unnecessarily to delay the work. Special, full size, and performance tests shall be performed as described in the Contract. The Contractor shall be charged with any additional cost of inspection when material and workmanship are not ready for inspection at the time specified by the Contractor.

Should it be considered necessary or advisable by the Contracting Officer at any time before acceptance of the work, either in part or in its entirety, to make an examination of work completed, by removing or tearing out same, the Contractor shall, on request, promptly furnish all necessary facilities, labor and material to do same. If such work is found to be defective or nonconforming in any material respect, due to the fault of the Contractor or his subcontractors, he shall defray all the expenses of such examination and of satisfactory reconstruction. If, however, such work is found to meet the requirements of the Contract, an equitable adjustment shall be made in the Contract price to compensate the Contractor for the additional services involved in such examination and reconstruction and, if completion of the work has been delayed thereby, he shall, in addition, be granted an equitable extension of time.

Unless otherwise provided in the Contract, acceptance by the Government will be made as promptly as practicable after completion and inspection of all work required by the Contract. Acceptance shall be final and conclusive except as regards to latent defects, fraud, or such gross mistakes as may amount to fraud, or as regards the Government's rights under any warranty or guaranty, or as otherwise provided herein.

ARTICLE 12. SUPERINTENDENCE BY CONTRACTOR—The Contractor shall give his personal superintendence to the performance of the work or have a competent foreman or superintendent, satisfactory to the Contracting Officer, on the work site at all times during progress, with authority to act for him.

ARTICLE 13. PERMITS AND RESPONSIBILITIES—The Contractor shall, without expense to the Government, be responsible for obtaining any necessary licenses, certificates and permits, and for complying with any applicable Federal, State, and Municipal laws, codes and regulations, in connection with the prosecution of the work. He shall be similarly responsible for all damages to persons or property that occurs as a result of his fault or negligence. He shall take proper safety, health and environmental precautions to protect the work, the workers, the public, and the property of others. He shall also be responsible for all materials delivered and work performed until completion and acceptance of the entire construction work, except for any completed unit of construction thereof which theretofore may have been accepted.

ARTICLE 14. INDEMNIFICATION—

A. The Contractor shall indemnify and save harmless the Government and all of its officers, agents and servants against any and all claims or liability arising from or based on, or as a consequence or result of, any act, omission or default of the Contractor, his employees, or his subcontractors, in the performance of, or in connection with, any work required, contemplated or performed under the Contract. **B.** Disputes between the Contractor and any subcontractors, material suppliers, or any other third parties over payments allegedly owed by the Contractor to a third party shall be resolved exclusively between the Contractor and the third party; the Contractor shall permit no pass-through suits to be brought against the Government by a third party in the Contractor's name. However, nothing herein shall be construed to prevent the Contractor from paying a subcontractor's claim and seeking a timely equitable adjustment hereunder.

ARTICLE 15. PROTECTION AGAINST TRESPASS—Except as otherwise expressly provided in the Contract, the Contractor is authorized to refuse admission either to the premises or to the working space covered by the Contract to any person whose admission is not specifically authorized in writing by the Contracting Officer.

ARTICLE 16. CONDITIONS AFFECTING THE WORK

- A. GENERAL—The Contractor shall be responsible for having taken steps reasonably necessary to ascertain the nature and location of the work, and the general and local conditions which can affect the work and the cost thereof. Any failure by the Contractor to do so will not relieve him from responsibility for successfully performing the work as specified without additional expense to the Government. The Government assumes no responsibility for any understanding or representation concerning conditions made by any of its officers or agents prior to the execution of the Contract, unless such understanding or representation by the Government is expressly stated in the Contract.
- **B. WORK AND STORAGE SPACE**—Available work and storage space designated by the Government shall be developed as required by the Contract or restored at completion of the project by the Contractor to a condition equivalent to that existing prior to construction. No payment will be made for furnishing or restoration of any work and storage space. If no area is designated or the area designated is not sufficient for the Contractor's operations, he shall obtain necessary space elsewhere at no expense or liability to the Government.
- C. WORK ON SUNDAYS, LEGAL HOLIDAYS AND AT NIGHT—No work shall be done at any time on Sundays or legal holidays or on any other day before 7 a.m. or after 7 p.m., except with the written permission of the Contracting Officer and pursuant to the requirements of the Police Requirements of the Government.
- D. EXISTING FEATURES—Subsurface and topographic information including borings data, utilities data and other physical data contained in the Contract or otherwise available, are not intended as representations or warranties but are furnished as available information. The Government assumes no expense or liability for the accuracy of, or interpretations made from, existing features. The Contractor shall be responsible for reasonable consideration of existing features above and below ground which may affect the project.
- **E. UTILITIES AND VAULTS**—The Contractor shall take necessary measures to prevent interruption of service or damage to existing utilities within or adjacent to the project. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to determine exact locations of all utilities in the field.

For any underground utility or vault encountered, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Contracting Officer and take necessary measures to protect the utility or vault and maintain the service until relocation by owner is accomplished. No additional payment will be made for the encountering of these obstructions.

In case of damage to utilities by the Contractor, either above or below ground, the Contractor shall restore such utilities to a condition equivalent to that which existed prior to the damage by repairing, rebuilding or otherwise restoring as may be directed, at the Contractor's sole expense.

Damaged utilities shall be repaired by the Contractor or, when directed by the Contracting Officer, the utility owner will make needed repairs at the Contractor's expense.

No compensation, other than authorized time extensions, will be allowed the Contractor for protective measures, work interruptions, changes in construction sequence, changes in methods of handling excavation and drainage or changes in types of equipment used, made necessary by existing utilities, imprecise utility or vault information or by others performing work within or adjacent to the project.

F. SITE MAINTENANCE—The Contractor shall maintain the project site in a neat and presentable manner throughout the course of all operations, and shall be responsible for such maintenance until final acceptance by the Government. Trash containers shall be furnished, maintained and emptied by the Contractor to the satisfaction of the Contracting Officer. Excavated earthwork, stripped forms and all other materials and debris not scheduled for reuse in the project shall be promptly removed from the site.

The Contracting Officer may order the Contractor to clean up the project site at any stage of work at no added expense to the Government If the Contractor fails to comply with this order, the Contracting Officer may require the work to be done by others and the costs will be charged to the Contractor.

Upon completion of all work and prior to final inspection, the Contractor shall clean up and remove from the project area and adjacent areas all excess materials, equipment, temporary structures, and refuse, and restore said areas to an acceptable condition.

- G. PRIVATE WORK—Except as specifically authorized by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall not perform any private work abutting Government projects with any labor, materials, tools, equipment, supplies or supervision scheduled for the Contract until all work under the Contract has been completed. Contract materials used for any unauthorized purpose shall be subtracted from Contract amount.
- H. GOVERNMENT NOISE CONTROL ACT OF 1977—The contractor shall be in strict compliance with [D.C. Law 2-53, Government of Columbia Noise Control Act of 1977 and all provisions thereof. Effective March 16, 1978. 24 D.C.Register 5293.] (Or relevant local law)

ARTICLE 17. OTHER CONTRACTS—The Government may undertake or award other contracts for additional work and the Contractor shall fully cooperate with such other contractors and Government employees and carefully coordinate his own work with such additional work as may be directed by the Contracting Officer. It is the duty of the Contractor to coordinate its activities with all third parties, including, but not limited to utilities, who may affect the Contract work hereunder. The Contractor shall not commit or permit any act which will interfere with the performance of work by any other contractor or by Government employees. The Government assumes no liability, other than authorized time extensions, for Contract delays and damages resulting from delays and lack of progress by others. The Contractor shall make no claim against the Government for delay or damages resulting from the actions of third parties, including, but limited to utilities.

ARTICLE 18. PATENT INDEMNITY—Except as otherwise provided, the Contractor agrees to indemnify the Government and its officers, agents, and employees against liability, including costs and expenses, for infringement upon any Letters Patent of the United States (except Letters Patent issued upon an application which is now or may hereafter be, for reasons of national security, ordered by the Federal Government to be kept classified or otherwise withheld from issue) arising out of the performance of the Contract or out of the use or disposal, by or for the account of the Government, of supplies furnished or construction work performed hereunder.

ARTICLE 19. ADDITIONAL BOND SECURITY—If any surety upon any bond furnished in connection with the Contract becomes unacceptable to the Government, or if any such surety fails to furnish reports

as to his financial condition from time to time as requested by the Government, the Contractor shall promptly furnish such additional security as may be required from time to time to protect the interests of the Government and of persons supplying labor or materials in the prosecution of the work contemplated by the Contract. Provided that upon the failure of the Contractor to furnish such additional security within ten (10) days after written notice so to do, all payments under the Contract will be withheld until such additional security is furnished.

ARTICLE 20. COVENANT AGAINST CONTINGENT FEES—The Contractor warrants that no person or selling agency has been employed or retained to solicit or secure the Contract upon an agreement or understanding for a commission, percentage, brokerage or contingent fee, excepting bona fide employees or bona fide established commercial or selling agencies maintained by the Contractor for the purpose of securing business. For breach or violation of this warranty, the Government shall have the right to terminate the Contract without liability or in its discretion to deduct from the Contract price or consideration, or otherwise recover, the full amount of such commission, percentage, brokerage or contingent fee.

ARTICLE 21. APPOINTMENT OF ATTORNEY—The Contractor does hereby irrevocably designate and appoint the Clerk of the Superior Court of the Government and his successors in office as the true and lawful attorney of the Contractor for the purpose of receiving service of all notices and processes issued by any court in the Government, as well as service of all pleadings and other papers, in relation to any action or legal proceeding arising out of or pertaining to the Contract or the work required or performed hereunder.

The Contractor expressly agrees that the validity of any service upon the said Clerk as herein authorized shall not be affected either by the fact that the Contractor was personally within the District of Columbis and otherwise subject to personal service at the time of such service upon the said Clerk or by the fact that the Contractor failed to receive a copy of such process, notice, pleading or other paper so served upon the said Clerk, provided that said Clerk shall have deposited in the United States mail, certified and postage prepaid, a copy of such process, notice, pleading or other papers addressed to the Contractor at the address stated in the Contract.

ARTICLE 22. GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES NOT TO BENEFIT — Unless a determination is made as provided herein, no officer or employee of the Government will be admitted to any share or part of this contract or to any benefit that may arise therefrom, and any contract made by the Contracting Officer or any Government employee authorized to execute contracts in which they or an employee of the Government will be personally interested shall be void, and no payment shall be made thereon by the Government or any officer thereof, but this provision shall not be construed to extend to this contract if made with a corporation for its general benefit. A Government employee shall not be a party to a contract with the Government and will not knowingly cause or allow a business concern or other organization owned or substantially owned or controlled by the employee to be a party to such a contract, unless a written determination has been made by the head of the procuring agency that there is a compelling reason for contracting with the employee, such as when the Government's needs cannot reasonably otherwise be met. [DC Procurement Practices Act of 1985, D.C. Law 6-85, D.C. Official Code, section 2-310.01, and Chapter 18 of the DC Personnel Regulations] (Or relevant local law). The Contractor represents and covenants that it presently has no interest and shall not acquire any interest, direct or indirect, which would conflict in any manner or degree with the performance of its services hereunder. The Contractor further covenants not to employ any person having such known interests in the performance of the contract.

ARTICLE 23. WAIVER—No Governmental waiver of any breach of any provision of the Contract shall operate as a waiver of such provision or of the Contract or as a waiver of subsequent or other breaches of the same or any other provision of the Contract; nor shall any action or non-action by the Contracting Officer or by the Government be construed as a waiver of any provision of the Contract or of any breach thereof unless the same has been expressly declared or recognized as a waiver by the Contracting Officer or the Government in writing.

ARTICLE 24. BUY AMERICAN

- A. AGREEMENT—In accordance with the Buy American Act (41 USC I0a-I0d), and Executive Order 10582. December 17, 1954 (3 CFR, 1954-58 Comp., p. 230), as amended by Executive Order 11051, September 27,1962 (3 CFR, I059—63 Comp., p. 635), the Contractor agrees that only domestic construction material will be used by the Contractor, subcontractors, material men and suppliers in the performance of the Contract, except for non-domestic material listed in the Contract.
- B. DOMESTIC CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL—"Construction material" means any article, material or supply brought to the construction site for incorporation in the building or work. An unmanufactured construction material is a "domestic construction material" if it has been mined or produced in the United States. A manufactured construction material is a "domestic construction material" if it has been manufactured in the United States and if the cost of its components which have been mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States exceeds 50 percent of the cost of all its components. "Component" means any article, material, or supply directly incorporated in a construction material.
- C. DOMESTIC COMPONENT—A component shall be considered to have been "mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States" regardless of its source, in fact, if the article, material or supply in which it is incorporated was manufactured in the United States and the component is of a class or kind determined by the Government to be not mined, produced or manufactured in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available commercial quantities and of a satisfactory quality.
- **D. FOREIGN MATERIAL** When steel materials are used in a project a minimal use of foreign steel is permitted. The cost of such materials cannot exceed on-tenth of one percent of the total project cost, or \$2,500,000, whichever is greater.

ARTICLE 25. TAXES

- A. FEDERAL EXCISE—Materials, supplies and equipment are not subject to the Federal Manufacturer's Excise Tax, if they are furnished or used in connection with the Contract provided that title to such materials, supplies and equipment passes to the Government under the Contract. The Contractor shall in such cases furnish his subcontractors and suppliers with a purchaser's certificate in the form prescribed by the U.S. Internal Revenue Service.
- B. SALES AND USE TAXES—Materials which are physically incorporated as a permanent part of real property are not subject to Government Sales and Use Tax. The Contractor shall, when purchasing such materials, furnish his suppliers with a Contractor's Exempt Purchase Certificate in the form prescribed in the Sales and Use Tax Regulations of the Government. Where the Contractor, subcontractor or material man has already paid the Sales and Use Tax on material, as prescribed above, the Sales and Use Tax Regulations of the Government permit the Contractor, subcontractor or material man to deduct the sales or use tax on the purchase price of the same on his next monthly return as an adjustment. However, the Contractor, subcontractor or material man must satisfy the Chief Financial Officer for the Government that no sum in reimbursement of such tax was included in the Contract or else that the Government has received a credit under the Contract in an amount equal to such tax.

Government Sales and Use Tax shall be paid on any material and supplies, including equipment rentals, which do not become a physical part of the finished project. [See Government of Columbia Sales and Use Tax Administration Ruling No. 6] (Or relevant local law).

The Contractor, subcontractor, or material supplier shall provide proof of compliance with the provisions of [D.C. Law 9-260] (Or relevant local law), as amended, codified in [D.C. Code46-103] (Or relevant local law), Employer Contributions, prior to award.

The Contractor, subcontractor, or material supplier shall provide proof of compliance with the applicable tax filing and licensing requirements set forth in [D.C. Code, Title 47, Taxation and Fiscal Affairs] (Or relevant local law), prior to contract award.

ARTICLE 26. SUSPENSION OF WORK—The Contracting Officer may order the Contractor in writing to suspend, delay or interrupt all or any part of the work for such period of time as he may determine to be appropriate for the convenience of the Government.

If the performance of all or any part of the work is, for an unreasonable period of time, suspended, delayed or interrupted by an act of the Contracting Officer in the administration of the Contract, or by his failure to act within the time specified in the Contract (or if no time is specified, within a reasonable time), an adjustment will be made for an increase in the cost of performance of the Contract (excluding profit) necessarily caused by such unreasonable suspension, delay or interruption and the Contract modified in writing accordingly. However, no adjustment will be made under this Article for any suspension, delay or interruption to the extent:

- 1. That performance would have been so suspended, delayed or interrupted by any other cause, including the fault or negligence of the contractor, or
- 2. For which an equitable adjustment is provided or excluded under any other provision of the Contract.

No claim under this Article shall be allowed:

- 1. For any costs incurred more than 20 days before the Contractor shall have notified the Contracting Officer in writing of the act or failure to act involved (but this requirement shall no apply as to a claim resulting from a suspension order), and
- 2. Unless the claim, in an amount stated, is asserted in writing as soon as practicable after the termination of such suspension, delay, or interruption, but not later than the date of final payment under the Contract.

ARTICLE 27. SAFETY PROGRAM

A. GENERAL—In order to provide safety controls for the protection of the life and health of Government and Contract employees and the general public; prevention of damage to property, materials, supplies, and equipment; and for avoidance of work interruptions in the performance of the Contract, the Contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal and local laws governing safety, health and sanitation including the Safety Standards, Rules and Regulations issued by the American National Standards, U. S. Department of Labor, U. S. Department of Health and Human Services, [D.C. Minimum Wage and Industrial Safety Board] (Or relevant local law) and the latest edition of "Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices" issued by the Federal Highway Administration.

The Contractor shall also take or cause to be taken such additional safety measures as the Contracting Officer may determine to be reasonably necessary.

The Contractor shall designate one person to be responsible for carrying out the Contractor's obligation under this Article.

The Contractor shall maintain an accurate record of all accidents resulting in death, injury, occupational disease, and/or damage to property, materials, supplies, and equipment incident to work performed under the Contract. Copies of these reports shall be furnished to the Contracting Officer within two working days after occurrence.

The Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor of any noncompliance with the foregoing provisions and the action to be taken. The Contractor shall, after receipt of such notice, immediately take corrective action. Such notice, when delivered to the Contractor or his representative at the site of the work, shall be deemed sufficient for the purpose. If the Contractor fails or refuses to comply promptly, the Contracting Officer may issue an order stopping all or part of the work until satisfactory corrective action has been taken. No part of the time lost due to any such stop orders shall be made the subject of claim for extension of time or for excess costs or damages by the Contractor.

This Article is applicable to all subcontractors used under the Contract and compliance with these provisions by the subcontractors will be the responsibility of the Contractor.

(In Contracts involving work of short duration or of non-hazardous character, the following Section B. will be deleted by Special Provision)

- **B. CONTRACTOR'S PROGRAM SUBMISSION**—Prior to commencement of the work, the Contractor shall:
 - 1. Submit in writing to the Contracting Officer for his approval his program for complying with this Article for accident prevention.
 - 2. Meet with the Contracting Officer's Safety Representative after submission of the above program to develop a mutual understanding relative to the administration of the overall safety program.

ARTICLE 28. RETENTION OF RECORDS—Unless otherwise provided in the Contract, or by applicable statute, the Contractor, from the effective date of Contract completion and for a period of three years after final settlement under the Contract, shall preserve and make available to the Government at all reasonable times at the office of the Contractor but without direct charge to the Government, all his books, records, documents, and other evidence bearing on the costs and expenses of the Contractor under the Contract.

ARTICLE 29. RECOVERY OF DEBTS OWED THE GOVERNMENT---The Contractor hereby agrees that the Government may use all or any portion of any payment, consideration or refund due the Contractor under the Contract to satisfy, in whole or part, any debt due the Government.

ARTICLE 30. ADMINISTRATIVE LIQUIDATED DAMAGES---In addition to any other liquidated damages provided for in the Contract, the Contractor hereby agrees that the Government may assess administrative liquidated damages for the Contractor's failure to submit when due any deliverable required by the Contract. Unless otherwise prescribed by the Contracting Officer, the rate of the administrative liquidated damages shall be \$250 per day until the required deliverable is received and accepted by the Government. The Government's remedies for failure to comply with the Contract terms and conditions are cumulative and not exclusive. Nothing herein shall be construed to limit the Government's ability to terminate the Contractor for the failure to submit Contract deliverables when due.

ARTICLE 31. FORCE MAJEURE---If the Contractor, because of Force Majeure, is rendered wholly or partly unable to perform its obligations when due under this Contract, the Contractor may be excused from whatever performance is affected by the Force Majeure to the extent so affected. In order to be excused from its performance obligations under this Contract by reason of Force Majeure, within 72 hours of the occurrence or event, the Contractor must provide the Contracting Officer written notice of its

inability to perform as well as a description of the force majeure and its effect on Contract performance. The Contracting Officer will have the right to cause the inspection of the work site to determine the validity of the Contractor's assertion of its inability to perform. If the Contracting Officer agrees that the Contractor is wholly or partly unable to perform its obligations under the Contract a decision will be issued indicating the extent to which the Contractor is excused from its performance obligations. In no event will the Contractor be entitled to money damages from the Government due to force majeure.