Lansburgh Park

Community Meeting





HELP PLAN THE FUTURE OF DC'S PARKS AND RECREATION!

SATURDAY, MARCH 14

Kick-Off Meeting 11:00 AM – 1:00 PM Edgewood Recreation Center 300 Evarts Street, NE

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 18

2nd Community Meeting 6:30 PM – 8:30 PM Barry Farm Recreation Center 1230 Sumner Road, SE



TUESDAY, MARCH 24

3rd Community Meeting 6:30 PM - 8:30 PM King Greenleaf Recreation Center 201 N Sreet, SW

SATURDAY, MARCH 28

4th Community Meeting 10:00 AM-12:00 PM Glover Park Recreation Center 4100 Calvert Street, NW



Rules of the Road:

Welcome! Thank you for your participation.

- Please Hold all questions until the end of the presentation.
- Sign-In Before you leave.

Agenda:

- 1. Team Introduction
- 2. Project Update
- 3. Existing Site
- 4. Historical Context
- 5. Concepts
- 6. Community Feedback
- 7. Contact Information

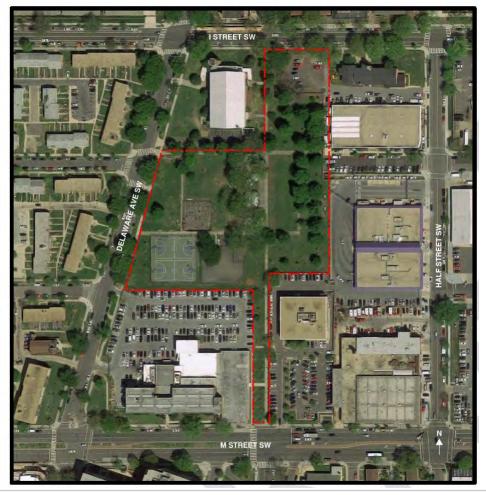




Community Engagement Process:

- Community Meetings
- DGS webpage for Lansburgh Park: https://dgs.dc.gov/page/lansburgh-park-improvements
- DPR Site: LansburghCM.splashthat.com
- Email updates (please sign-in with legible email address)





Aerial Map



Existing Conditions







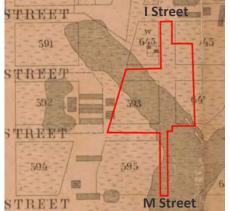


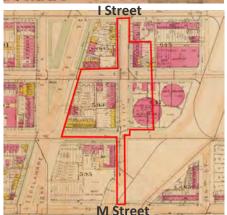






1857 A. Boschke Map of Washington City





1919 Baist's Real Estate Atlas

Historical Context

Historically, much of the land south of I Street SW was marshland.

Urban expansion reached the vicinity of Lansburgh Park in the mid-19th century. In the late 19th century, the neighborhood around Lansburgh Park had the name "Bloodfield."

In 1950, urban renewal of the neighborhood began, which ultimately resulted in the removal of 23,000 residents from 560 acres of land beginning in 1954.

Lansburgh Park was constructed in 1964 as part of the urban renewal program. Lansburgh Park is considered the first park established in the city under this program.







Historical Significance

Consistent with the original plans implemented by NPS Architect LeRoy Skillman, vaulted metal-clad arbors that shelter gathering and picnic spaces, as well as a protected elevated event space were key elements to the design of Lansburgh Park.

The original metal columns support the arbors. They were designed in a midcentury modern-inspired style. The paraboloid groin vault arbors emphasize a contemporary, almost futuristic aesthetic focused on the function of the structure, and highlighting the versatility of materials. The arbors are reflective of the 1960s time-period and are consistent with the immediate setting around the park.

The arbors are a distinctive feature of the park, and one of the last remaining vestiges of the park born from a national program that changed the dynamics of landscapes in urban areas across the country.

In addition to the arbors, the delineated sidewalks lined with granite imbedded blocks linking the arbor-sheltered areas together is also considered a character-defining feature of the park.



Structural Investigation



















Existing Site Plan With Heritage Trees





Proposed Site Plan















Pavilion Repair New Lighting

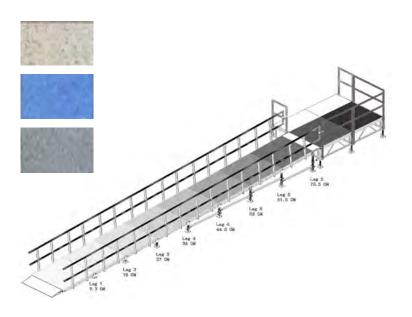








Accessibility - Existing Conditions









Park Benches





Game Tables









Landscape Plantings







Park Amenities















Park ID Sign Options













Next Steps:

This presentation will be sent to all attendees and will be posted to the DGS Capital Construction page at: https://dgs.dc.gov/page/lansburgh-park-improvements

Continue drawings for permits



Questions?





Contact Information

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Department of Parks & Recreation (DPR)

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