

Influenza Surveillance Report

Division of Epidemiology - Disease Surveillance and Investigation
District of Columbia Department of Health

2012-2013 Influenza Season Week 7 (February 10, 2013– February 16, 2013)

(All data are preliminary and may change as more reports are received)

SUMMARY

- 26 cases of Influenza were reported by hospitals during this reporting period.
- Zero pediatric-deaths associated with Influenza were recorded during this reporting period.
- For the 2012-2013 Influenza Season to-date, 651 positive Influenza cases have been reported.

INFLUENZA SURVEILLANCE FROM HOSPITALS & AMBULATORY CARE FACILITIES

District of Columbia hospitals and laboratories report detailed information on cases of Influenza on a daily basis. However, in accordance with CDC guidelines, only Influenza-associated deaths in cases <18 years of age and Novel Influenza A infections are reportable.

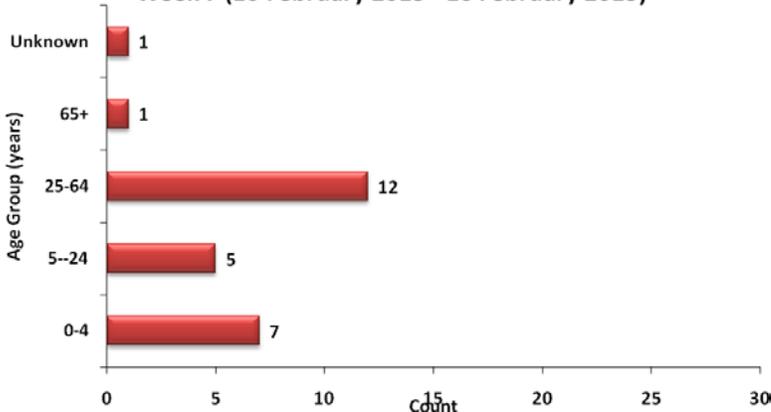
The table below summarizes weekly and cumulative cases of Influenza for the 2012-2013 Season. Data are also presented by age group and by number of cases reported weekly. During week 7 (February 10, 2013– February 16, 2013), there were 26 new cases of Influenza reported. To date, the District has received 651 positive Influenza cases among DC residents reported by hospitals.

Surveillance of Influenza Cases Reported By Influenza Type

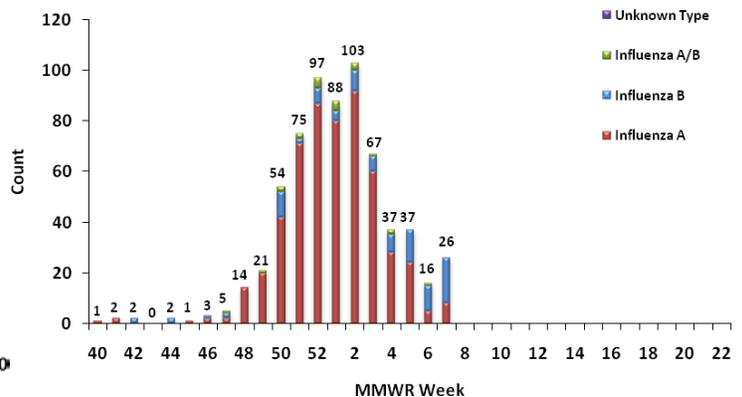
	Week 7 (February 10, 2013– February 16, 2013)		Cumulative Cases for Weeks 40 – 22 (30 September 2012 – 1 June 2013)	
Influenza A	8	(30.8%)	539	(82.8%)
Influenza B	18	(69.2%)	91	(14.0%)
Influenza A/B	0	(0%)	21	(3.2%)
Influenza (not typed)	0	(0%)	0	(0%)
Total	26*	(100%)	651*	(100.0%)

*Includes results from Rapid Diagnostic Testing, Viral Culture, RT-PCR, Serology, and Immunofluorescence.

Positive Influenza Tests, by Age Group
Week 7 (10 February 2013 - 16 February 2013)



Positive Influenza Tests by Week
September 30, 2012 - June 1, 2013



RAPID DIAGNOSTIC TESTING

Rapid Diagnostic Tests are screening tests used to detect the Influenza virus in a short period of time. While initially less accurate than PCR and viral culture, rapid diagnostics are more accurate as the Influenza season progresses. During week 7, 189 tests out of a total of 203 were performed using Rapid Diagnostic Testing in clinical laboratories. Of these, 21 (11%) positive Influenza specimens were identified during week 7 using rapid diagnostics. The other 5 positive tests were performed using RT-PCR, Serology, and Viral Culture.

Week: 7 (February 10, 2013– February 16, 2013)	
No. of specimens tested Rapid Diagnostics	189
No. of positive specimens (%)	21 (11%)
Positive specimens by type/subtype	
Influenza A	8 (38.1%)
Influenza B	13 (61.9%)
Influenza A/B	0 (0%)
Influenza – unknown type	0 (0%)

INFLUENZA-LIKE ILLNESS (ILI) SURVEILLANCE

Sentinel surveillance for ILI consists of three outpatient reporting sites for the District of Columbia. The sentinel surveillance sites report the total number of ILI cases encountered per week and the total number of patients seen at the clinic during that same week. For this system, ILI is defined as the existence of fever (temperature of 100°F [37.8°C] or greater) and a cough and/or a sore throat in the absence of a known cause other than Influenza.

For week 7, sentinel providers reported that 6 out of 765 visits (0.8%) met the criteria for ILI.

Sentinel Surveillance ILI Activity for Washington, DC

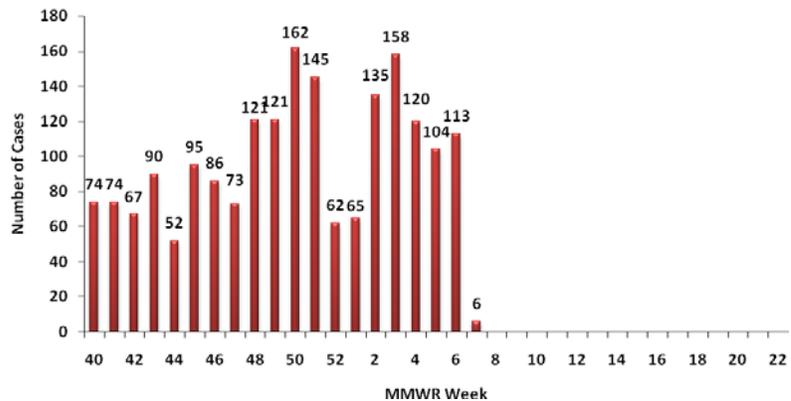
Week of	Activity *
February 10 – February 16	<i>Local</i>

***No Activity** – overall clinical activity remains low and there are no lab confirmed Influenza cases;

Sporadic – isolated lab confirmed Influenza cases reported and ILI activity is not increased;

Local – increased ILI activity and recent lab confirmed Influenza cases. As the District of Columbia is not a state, this is the highest level of ILI activity it can report.

**Influenza-Like Illness Reported by MMWR Weekly
September 30, 2012 - June 1, 2013**



INFLUENZA TESTING BY THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA PUBLIC HEALTH LABORATORY (DC PHL)

The DC PHL subtypes human isolates to monitor the circulating strains of Influenza. The isolates are submitted to the DC PHL by hospitals and commercial laboratories. From October 1 – December 31, 2012, 25 out of 44 specimens sent to the DC PHL have tested positive for Influenza. Cumulatively, 22 of these isolates were subtyped as Influenza A/H3, one was subtyped as Influenza A/H1, and two were Influenza B.

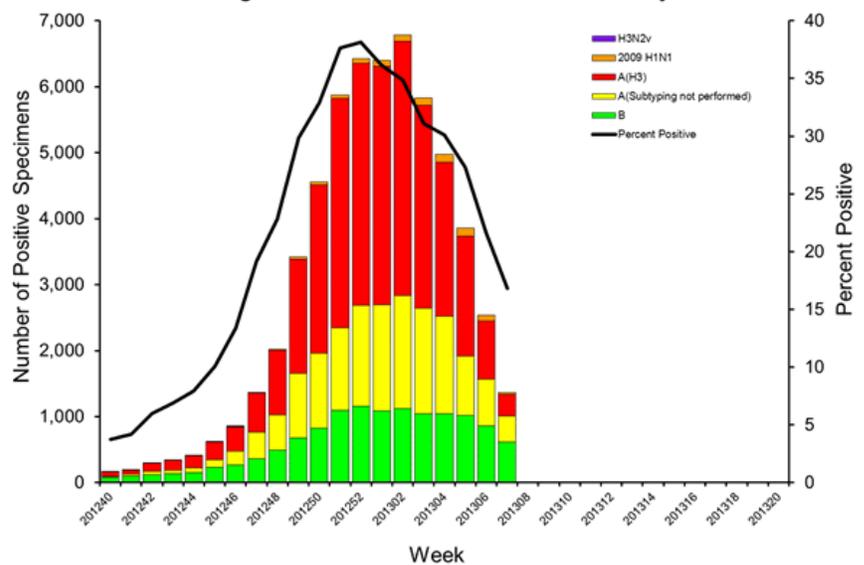
DC PHL Surveillance of Influenza Cases Reported By Influenza Subtype

DC PHL Influenza Testing	October 1- December 31, 2012
Number of specimens tested	44
◆ Number of specimens positive for Influenza:	25/44 (57%)
● Influenza A	23/25 (92%)
▪ H1	1/23 (4%)
▪ H3	22/23 (96%)
● Influenza B	2/25 (8%)

NATIONAL INFLUENZA ASSESSMENT

The CDC's weekly seasonal Influenza surveillance report for week 7 noted that Influenza-like illness (ILI) activity among outpatients in the United States remained elevated, but decreased in most areas. The proportion of deaths due to Influenza and pneumonia in the US was above the epidemic threshold for week 7. Fourteen Influenza-associated pediatric deaths were reported in the US during week 7, though only 2 occurred in the current week. The fourteen pediatric deaths included three Influenza A (H3), two Influenza A (2009 H1N1), two Influenza A that were not subtyped, six Influenza B, and one was due to Influenza A and B viruses. Of the 1,371 respiratory specimens that tested positive during week 7, 54.9% were Influenza A viruses and the remaining 45.1% were Influenza B viruses. Of the Influenza A samples, 43.6% were Influenza A (H3), 4.3% were Influenza A (2009 H1N1), and 52.1% of the viruses were not subtyped.

Influenza Positive Tests Reported to CDC by U.S. WHO/NREVSS Collaborating Laboratories, National Summary, 2012-13



Get Vaccinated!

To find an Influenza vaccine provider, visit the District of Columbia Flu Resource Center at <http://doh.dc.gov/doh/cwp/view,a,1370,q,604320.asp>



For additional information about Influenza and Influenza activity in the United States, please visit: <http://www.cdc.gov/flu/index.htm>.

Questions about Influenza in the District of Columbia or this report should be directed to the Division of Epidemiology - Disease Surveillance and Investigation at (202) 442-8141 or email gabrielle.ray@dc.gov.